

Governance framework

Introduction, with key legislative requirements, to board governance framework

The board of Taupo Intermediate School is focused on the ongoing improvement of student progress and achievement within an environment that provides inclusive education. **Refer to the** *New Zealand Curriculum, Te Tiriti o Waitangi, New Zealand Bill of Rights Act 1990, Human Rights Act 1993, New Zealand Disability Strategy and United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities.*

To ensure effective school performance, the board is committed to maintaining a strong and effective governance framework that incorporates legislative requirements and good practice.

Governance and management

The following are the board's agreed governance and management definitions, which form the basis of its working relationships, policy and processes.

Governance Management The ongoing improvement of student progress and The board delegates all authority and accountability for the achievement; that the school is an inclusive and safe place for day-to-day operational organisation of the school to the all students and staff; that the school gives effect to Te Tiriti o principal who must ensure compliance with both the board's Waitangi are the board's primary objectives. policy framework and the law of New Zealand (for detail, see operational policies). The board acts in a stewardship role and is entrusted to work on behalf of all stakeholders. It is accountable for the school's performance, emphasises strategic leadership, sets the vision for the school and ensures compliance with legal and policy requirements. Board policies are at a governance level and outline clear delegations to the principal. The board and principal form the leadership, with the role of each documented and understood. The principal reports to the board as a whole with committees used sparingly and only when a need is identified in order to contribute to board work.

Education & Training Act 2020

The board is proactive rather than reactive in its operations and

administrative details of the day-to-day running of the school.

decision making and does not involve itself in the

In developing the above definitions for Taupo Intermediate School, the board is mindful of the sections of the **Education & Training Act 2020** and **the Education (School Board) Regulations 2020** set out below.

The Education & Training Act 2020 came into force on 1 August 2020 and clarifies the governance role of the school board and its primary objectives. Most of the powers and functions of boards are now set out in the Education (School Boards) Regulations 2020, with the principal's role as chief executive specified in section 130 of the Act

Education & Training Act 2020 – School boards

125 Board is governing body

- (1) A board is the governing body of its school.
- (2) A board is responsible for the governance of the school, including setting the policies by which the school is to be controlled and managed.
- (3) Under section 130, the school's principal is the board's chief executive in relation to the school's control and management.

126 Bylaws

- (1) A board may make bylaws that the board thinks necessary or desirable for the control and management of the school.
- (2) Before making a bylaw, the board must consult its staff, its students (to the extent that the board considers appropriate), and the school community regarding the proposed bylaw.

127 Objectives of boards in governing schools

- (1) A board's primary objectives in governing a school are to ensure that—
 - (a) every student at the school is able to attain their highest possible standard in educational achievement; and
 - (b) the school-
 - (i) is a physically and emotionally safe place for all students and staff; and
 - (ii) gives effect to relevant student rights set out in this Act, the <u>New Zealand Bill of Rights Act 1990</u>, and the <u>Human Rights Act 1993</u>; and
 - (iii) takes all reasonable steps to eliminate racism, stigma, bullying, and any other forms of discrimination within the school; and
 - (c) the school is inclusive of, and caters for, students with differing needs; and
 - (d) the school gives effect to Te Tiriti o Waitangi, including by-
 - (i) working to ensure that its plans, policies, and local curriculum reflect local tikanga Māori, mātauranga Māori, and te ao Māori; and
 - (ii)taking all reasonable steps to make instruction available in tikanga Māori and te reo Māori; and
 - (iii)achieving equitable outcomes for Māori students.
- (2) To meet the primary objectives, the board must-
 - (a) have particular regard to the statement of national education and learning priorities issued under section 5; and
 - (b) give effect to its obligations in relation to-
 - (i) any foundation curriculum statements, national curriculum statements, and national performance measures; and
 - (ii) teaching and learning programmes; and
 - (iii) monitoring and reporting students' progress; and
 - (c) perform its functions and exercise its powers in a way that is financially responsible; and
 - (d) if the school is a member of a community of learning that has a community of learning agreement under <u>clause 2</u> of Schedule 5, comply with its obligations under the agreement; and ,
 - (e) comply with all of its other obligations under this or any other Act.

128 Staff

A board may, in accordance with the Public Service Act 2020, appoint, suspend, or dismiss school staff.

131 Board has complete discretion

- (1) A board has complete discretion to perform its functions and exercise its powers as it thinks fit
- (2) Subsection (1) is subject to this Act, any other enactment, and the general law of New Zealand.

Education (School Boards) Regulations 2020

8 Delegation

- (1) A board may, by resolution and in writing either generally or specifically, delegate any of the functions or powers of the board or of a board member to any of the following persons:
 - (a) a board member or members:
 - (b) the principal or any other employee or office holder of the board:
 - (c) a committee consisting of at least 2 persons at least 1 of whom is a board member:

- (d) a person approved by the Minister:
- (e) any class of persons that comprises any of the persons listed in paragraphs (a) to (d).
- (2) Subclause (1) does not apply to any functions or powers specified in the Act as not being capable of delegation.
- (3) The board must not delegate the general power of delegation.
- (4) A person to whom any function or power is delegated may perform the function or exercise the power in the same manner and with the same effect as if the person were the board or board member (subject to any restrictions or conditions imposed by the board).
- (5) A person purporting to act under a delegation—
 - (a) is, in the absence of proof to the contrary, presumed to be acting in accordance with the delegation; and
 - (b) must produce evidence of the person's authority to do so if reasonably requested to do so.
- (6) A person to whom any function or power is delegated may delegate that function or power only—
 - (a) with the prior written consent of the board; and
 - (b) subject to the same restrictions, and with the same effect, as if the subdelegate were the delegate.
- (7) A delegation under subclause (1)—
 - (a) is revocable at will by resolution of the board and written notice to the delegate (or by any other method provided for in the delegation):
 - (b) does not prevent the board or the board member performing the functions or the exercising the powers:
 - (c) does not affect the responsibility of the board for the actions of any delegate acting under the delegation:
 - (d) is not affected by any change in the membership of the board or of any committee or class of persons.

Education & Training Act 2020 - Control and management of State schools

130 Principal is chief executive of board in relation to school's control and management

- (1) A school's principal is the board's chief executive in relation to the school's control and management.
- (2) Except to the extent that any enactment, or the general law of New Zealand, provides otherwise, the principal—
 - (a) must comply with the board's general policy directions; and
 - (b) subject to paragraph (a), has complete discretion to manage the school's day-to-day administration as they think fit.



Governance framework

Part A: Annually updated section

- 1. Board member register
- 2. Board workplan
- 3. Charter/Strategic plan our number 1 policy
- 4. Delegations list

1. Board Member Register: updated when there is any change to board membership and reviewed annually as part of succession planning

Approved number of elected parent representatives = 5

Staggered (Mid-term) election cycle: Staggered as at resolved at board meeting dated 2019

Name	Phone and email	Position on board chair/presiding member (CH), board member (BM), commissioner (CMR)	Type of member parent elected, parent selected, co-opted, staff representative, student representative, proprietor's appointee, principal	Date started ²	Date left the board	Current term expires
Wiremu Clarke	0274491327 and principal@taupointermediate.co.nz	ВМ	Principal	2004		ongoing
Vanessa Donald	0275090301 and v.l.donald2018@gmail.com or botchair@taupointermediate.co.nz	СН	Parent Elected	Jul 2015		Sep 2022
John McIntyre	0272937415 and johnmc@greenlea.co.nz	ВМ	Parent Elected	Jul 2019		Sep 2022
DeeJay Tupe	0274358873 and deejay.tupe@gmail.com	ВМ	Parent Elected	Jun 2016		Sep 2022
Bridget Hayes	0274188525 and karl.bridget@gmail.com	ВМ	Parent Elected	Jul 2019		Dec 2023
Jackie Later	0276646222 and Mjlater@gmail.com	ВМ	Parent Elected	Dec 2020		Dec 2023
Debi Woodward	0272863112 and dwoodward@taupointermediate.co.nz	ВМ	Staff Representative	Mar 2022		Dec 2023
Donna Hemopo	0211298681 and donna.hemopo@hotmail.com	BM (18 month)	Parent Elected	Jul 2019	Dec 2020	Dec 2020
Kerri Robinson	021782838 and KRobinson@taupointermediate.co.nz	ВМ	Staff Representative	Feb 2013	Dec 2021	Dec 2021

2. Board Workplan

		Term 1		Ter	m 2		Tern	n 3		Term 4	
Meetings	Feb 28	Mar 28		May 30	Jun 27	Jul 25	Aug 29	Sep 26	Oct 31	Nov 28	Dec 12
Student Achievement Data		Baseline Data					Mid-Year Reporting by Priority Groups				End of Year Reporting by Priority Groups
Strategic Focus	Reaffirm Presiding Member Succession Planning 2022 Election Planning	2021 Annual Review + AOV Completed Approve 2022 Charter and Annual Plans Community Relations		Pastoral Care and Behaviour Management Student Achievement	Workforce Finance Property	an an		2022 Election	New Board takes office Review of Charter Review of 5 Year Strategic Aims		Board Performance Review
Finance and Property	Approve 2021 Accounts 2022 Draft Budget	Approve 2022 Budget Annual Accounts to Auditors 5&10YPP Review			Auditor Report	Curriculum Review Normal Time	Mid-Year Review		Risk Management and Insurance Review	Review - TBC	2022 Budget Review Start
Policy Review	Part A: Annually Updated Section Trustee Code of Behaviour Delegations + Fees Conflict of Interest Roles & Resp	Policies 3.1 – 3.8	No Meeting	Policies 3.9 – 3.18 Privacy	Review NZSTA Updates to Policy Manual	Special Meeting – Curriculum Re	Governance Policies			Special Meeting – Curriculum Review	Presiding Member's Role Description Achievement of Maori Students Sensitive Expenditure Committee TOR Treaty of Waitangi
Curriculum Review	Approve Safety Management Plan	New Timetable		Social Sciences – NZ History	Health - Relationships	Special	Numeracy, Literacy, Digital Technology, Cultural Pedagogy, Science		Health and PE, Social Sciences, EOTC, Technology	eds	Collaborative Teaching
Principal Appraisal	Scope 2022 Objectives	Confirm 2022 Objectives					Mid-Year Report				Final Report Appoint Appraiser + Draft 2023 Agreement
Community Relations	Welcome Assembly	Charter to school community Staff M Tea Walk Through			Mid-Year Community Report Walk Through		Consultation – Community, Staff & Students		Walk Through		Annual Community Report v's Plan Staff M Tea Awards Assembly
Statutory Requirements	Annual Accou	to MOE 1 March nts to Auditor 31 March arch + sign SUE Repor		Report to Annual Report t Roll Return 1 July +	o MOE 30 June		Health Education S Education Sign SUE	on Act)	·	oort to Par n SUE Re	

3. Charter/Strategic Plan - our number 1 po	licy

Taupo Intermediate School Charter

Introductory Section

Our Vision: To make a positive difference in the lives of our students.

Our Mission: To provide a stimulating environment where all students strive for personal excellence.

Our Graduates will be nurtured and encouraged to model the values, principles, key competencies and intent of the New Zealand Curriculum, as embodied through the **T.I.S. Way**.

Key Competencies:

Rangatiratanga Managing Self Whaiwāhitanga Participating and Contributing Whanaungatanga Relating to Others

Whakaaroaro Thinking and Literacy

Tikanga Tuhi Understanding Language, Symbols and Text

The T.I.S. Way - our Graduates will (be):

Involved Thinkers Show Respect Whaiwhakaaro Whaiwāhitanga Manaakitanga Creative and critical thinkers Set personal goals and strive to Respect for self achieve them Literate and numerate Respectful of others Try new things and be Good communicators Show respect to learning by striving for courageous excellence and towards personal development Resilient and perservering Overcome fear of making Respect for School Digitally fluent mistakes Show respect to the environment Responsible citizens, online and Engaged in their own learning; offline Do the right thing - demonstrate integrity school opportunities; and in the Innovative, inquiring and curious wider community Be team players

Our Culture:

Our school has a role of approximately 630 students, with 40% Maori and over 18 nationalities represented.

Physically active

This is a student-centered school embracing the NZAIMs philosophy to middle school education. Our students, and their journey through the emerging teenage years, are at the heart of all matters at school. We care. Caring is at all levels of the school – board, management and staff. We care about our kids and the communities in which they grow and develop. Relationships - whanaungatanga - are central to all that we do.

The school provides a diverse range of opportunities and challenges, shaped each year by changing student interests and prospects available in the community. We nurture and develop the strengths and talents of students and help them discover new interests! We work to foster the *T.I.S. Way* and a strong sense of belonging.

Teachers are selected for their diverse interests and ability to connect with emerging teenagers – there are high expectations for continued professional development and a willingness to strive towards every student reaching their full potential. We care for our staff, their health and well-being, and support them in being the very best leaders of learning that they can be.

We aim to nurture students to be part of creating an Aotearoa NZ in which Maori and Pakeha recognize each other as full Treaty partners, and where all cultures are valued. Our people, policies and practices are developed to reflect New Zealand's cultural diversity and the unique position of Maori culture.

This charter has been developed in consultation with our school community, staff, students and Tuwharetoa, aligning to the priorities identified by the Taupo Kahui Ako.

We take behaviour management seriously and have clear daily expectations for students to work towards. We ask the community to support us in maintaining our standards to create a safe, positive and inclusive environment for all students and staff. Restorative practice is our focus. We believe that school is the best place for all students to learn.

Taupo Intermediate School Charter

The Strategic Section

Our Strategic Aims:

- 1. All students are able to access the NZ Curriculum and experience broad and diverse opportunities to allow them to reach their full potential as per the Statement of National Education and Learning Priorities in Schools
- 2. Maori students are engaged in their learning and achieve educational success with pride in their unique identity, language and culture as Maori.
- 3. Students are safe, happy, engaged, and connected with the School and have agency over their learning journey.

2022 - What does this look like in our School?

- Diverse school prospectus delivered in a challenging environment –students are engaged and have opportunities for exploration and excellence, staff are supported to lead learning in a new environment.
- All students are achieving positive outcomes to their individual potential.
- School wide data shows improvements in achievement levels in Math.
- Positive relationships are fostered at all levels in the School.
- Staff are positive, energized and student centered –deeply connected to the values and T.I.S Way.
- Parents are involved in their child's learning.
- School is inclusive.
- Assessment is used to improve learning.
- Hauora and well-being are a key focus we care about the safety, well-being/hauora of our staff and students.
- Students and staff are prepared for COVID-19 pandemic crisis.
- Students have agency over their learning –know where they are at, where they are going and how to get there. Students have choice in their learning, curiosity and authentic opportunities – the T.I.S. Way is embedded.
- Continue to strengthen the learning journey of our students through more effective transitions.
- Our school curriculum is regularly reviewed, future focused and an authentic local emphasis.

This Charter should be read and considered in conjunction with the following key documents that form our Annual Plan:

- The Prospectus and Annual Budget
- The Annual Report
- The Property Plan
- Community Consultation Plan
- The Policy Framework

- Professional Development Plan
- 2020 National Education and Learning Priorities
- NZAIMS Middle Year Philosophy
- Kawanata with Tuwharetoa
- Taupo Kahui Ako Plan

4. Taupo Intermediate School Delegations List

Date of delegation (as per minutes)	Personnel	Delegated authority	Term of delegation
	Delegations can be to a person or a committee. Committees must have a minimum of 2 persons, at least one of whom must be a board member (BM).	See individual committee terms of reference in part C of the board's governance framework.	Delegation ceases at the date below or by earlier resolution of the board or, if no date, is ongoing.
7 Mar 2022	Presiding Member Vanessa Donald (BM)	Delegated authority to act as the presiding member for the board as per the presiding member (chair) role description policy.	Sep 2022 election
7 Mar 2022	Student suspension committee All current board members except the principal	That all current board members except the principal are delegated authority to be members of the board's student suspension committee acting under the terms of reference for this committee.	Ongoing
7 Mar 2022	Finance committee John McIntyre (BM) Bill Clarke (BM)	That the finance committee members are delegated authority to be members of the board's finance committee acting under the terms of reference for this committee.	Ongoing
7 Mar 2022	Megan Chapman (Deputy Principal) Sam Blake (Deputy Principal)	That the board directs that (except where the board at its discretion otherwise determines), in the absence of the principal from duty for periods not exceeding 2 weeks and for the full period(s) of such absence, the deputy principal or assistant principal shall perform all the duties and powers of the principal.	Ongoing
7 Mar 2022	Vanessa Donald (BM)	That Vanessa is delegated to represent Taupo Intermediate School as a Trustee on the Central Plateau Schools Alpine Charitable Trust.	Ongoing
30 May 2022	Julie Patterson	Privacy Officer for Taupo Intermediate School	Ongoing



Governance framework

Part B: Governance policies - how we work as a board

Po	olicy	Outcome statements	Approved/ reviewed	Next review
1.	Board roles and responsibilities policy	The board is focused on governance that; fosters and supports the ongoing improvement of student progress and achievement; ensures that the school is a safe and inclusive place for all students and staff; gives effect to Te Tiriti o Waitangi.	Mar 2022	Feb 2023
2.	Board code of conduct policy	The board will act in an ethical and respectful manner.	Mar 2022	Feb 2023
3.	Board remuneration and expenses policy	Remuneration and reimbursement of expenses to board members is transparent, fair and reasonable.	Mar 2022	Feb 2023
4.	Conflict of interest policy	The board effectively manages actual, potential and perceived conflicts of interest ensuring the integrity of board decisions and reputation of board members.	Mar 2022	Feb 2023
5.	Presiding member (chair) role description policy	The board is effectively led.	Mar 2022	Dec 2022
6.	Staff representative role description policy	The staff representative brings a staff perspective to board discussion and decision making.	Mar 2022	Feb 2023
7.	Relationship between presiding member (chair) and principal policy	The relationship between the chair and the principal is based on trust, integrity and mutual respect.	Mar 2022	Feb 2023
8.	Principal performance management policy	A fair and transparent performance management process recognises the professionalism of the principal and the accountabilities of the board.	Mar 2022	Feb 2023

B1. Board roles and responsibilities policy

Outcome statement

The board is focused on governance that; fosters and supports the ongoing improvement of student progress and achievement; ensures that the school is a safe and inclusive place for all students and staff; gives effect to Te Tiriti o Waitangi.

Scoping

The board is a body corporate whose policies and decisions exist in perpetuity or until such time as they are rescinded or revoked. The board sets the strategic direction for the school and governs via its policies, which it entrusts to the principal to implement.

Delegations

Accountability rests with the whole board, with no individual board member or committee having decision-making authority unless it has been delegated and documented. All sub delegations are approved by the board, as are revocations.

Expectations and limitation

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Во	ard actions		Standards
1.	Sets the strategic direction and	1.1	The board leads the annual charter/strategic plan review process
	long-term plans and monitors	1.2	The board sets/reviews the strategic aims by March each year
	the board's progress against them.		The board approves the annual plan and targets and ensures the charter/strategic plan is submitted to the Ministry of Education by 1 March each year
		1.4	Regular board meetings include a report on progress towards achieving strategic aims
		1.5	The charter/strategic plan is the basis for all board decision making
2.	Monitors and evaluates student progress and achievement,	2.1	The board approves an annual review schedule covering curriculum and student progress and achievement reports
	including students with differing needs.	2.2	Reports are received at each regular board meeting from the principal on progress against the annual plan, highlighting risk/success
		2.3	Information reported to the board is thoughtfully discussed, critiqued and challenged
		2.4	Targets in the annual plan are met, the curriculum policy is implemented and there is satisfactory performance of curriculum priorities
3.	 Ensures that the school is a safe place for all students and staff. 		All reasonable steps are taken to eliminate racism, stigma, bullying and any other forms of discrimination
			Students' rights under the Education & Training Act 2020, the New Zealand Bill of Rights Act 1990 and the Human Rights Act 1993 are honoured
4.	Ensures the school gives effect to Te Tiriti o Waitangi	4.1	Plans, policies and local curriculum reflect local tikanga Māori, mātauranga Māori and te ao Māori
		4.2	All reasonable steps are taken to make instruction available in tikanga Māori and te reo Māori
		4.3	Māori students achieve equitable outcomes
5.	Appoints, assesses the performance of and supports the principal.	5.1	Principal's performance management system is in place and implemented
6.	Approves the budget and	6.1	Budget is approved by the first meeting each year
	monitors financial management of the school.	6.2	Satisfactory performance of financial management against budget is in evidence
7.	Effectively manages risk.	7.1	The board has an effective governance model in place
		7.2	The board remains briefed on internal/external risk environments and takes action where necessary
		7.3	The board identifies trouble spots in statements of audit and takes action if necessary
		7.4	The board ensures the principal reports on all potential and real risks when appropriate and takes appropriate action

Board actions		Standards
Ensures compliance with legal requirements.	8.1	New members read and understand the governance framework including policies, the school charter/strategic plan, board induction pack and requirements and expectations of board members
	8.2	New and continuing members are kept aware of any changes in legal and reporting requirements for the school
	8.3	The board seeks appropriate advice when necessary
	8.4	Accurate minutes of all board meetings are approved by the board and signed by the presiding member
	8.5	Individual staff/student matters are always discussed in public-excluded session
	8.6	Board meetings have a quorum
9. Ensures board members	9.1	Board meetings are effectively run
attend board meetings and take an active role.	9.2	Members attend board meetings having read board papers and reports and are ready to discuss them
	9.3	Attendance at 80% of meetings (minimum)
	9.4	No unexplained absences at board meetings (three consecutive absences without prior leave results in immediate step-down – refer Education & Training Act 2020, schedule 23, clause12 (1) (c)
10. Approves major policies and	10.1	The board approves programme initiatives as per policies
programme initiatives.	10.2	The board monitors implementation of programme initiatives
11. Approves and monitors human resource policy/procedures,	11.1	The board becomes and remains familiar with the broad employment conditions that cover employees (staff employment agreements and arrangements)
which ensures effective	11.2	The board ensures there are personnel policies in place and they are adhered to
practice and contributes to its responsibilities as a good	11.3	The board ensures there is ongoing monitoring and review of all personnel policies
employer.	11.4	The board reports annually on compliance with its personnel policy on being a good employer (including the equal employment opportunities programme)
12. Deals with disputes and conflicts referred to the board as per the school's concerns and complaints procedures.	12.1	Successful resolution of any disputes and conflicts referred is achieved
13. Represents the school in a positive, professional manner.	13.1	Code of conduct is adhered to
14. Oversees, conserves and enhances the resource base.	14.1	Property/resources meet the needs of the school's aims
15. Effectively hands over governance to new board	15.1	New board members are provided with induction and a copy of the board's governance manual
members at election time.	15.2	New board members are fully briefed and able to govern following attendance at an orientation programme
	15.3	Appropriate delegations are in place as per the Education (School Boards) Regulations 2020, regulation 8
	15.4	Board and board members participate in appropriate ongoing professional development

Procedures/supporting documentation

See Board Workplan

Monitoring

See Board Workplan

Legislative compliance

Education & Training Act 2020
Education (School Boards) Regulations 2020
Human Rights Act 1993
New Zealand Bill of Rights Act 1990

Employment Relations Act 2000
Public Service Act 2020
Privacy Act 2020

B2. Board code of conduct policy

Outcome statement

The board will act in an ethical and respectful manner.

Scoping

Every member of the board will have access to the code of conduct and opportunities to discuss its expectations of their behaviour. Board business will be conducted in an ethical and respectful manner, in accordance with legislation and board policy.

Expectations and limitations

As members of an effective governance team, each member of the board shall:

- · ensure the needs of all students and their achievement is paramount
- uphold the principles of Te Tiriti o Waitangi
- · be loyal to the school and its mission
- maintain and understand the values and goals of the school
- protect the special character / different character / principles of Te Aho Matua and any special characteristics of the school
- publicly represent the school in a positive manner
- · respect the integrity of the principal and staff
- observe the confidentiality of non-public information acquired in their role as a member of the board and not disclose to any
 other persons such information that might be harmful to the school
- be diligent and attend board meetings prepared for full and appropriate participation in decision making
- · ensure that individual board members do not act independently of the board's decisions
- speak with one voice through board policies and ensure that any disagreements with the board's stance are resolved within the board
- in the course of board meetings, disclose any interests in a transaction or decision where they, their family and/or partner, employer or close associate will receive a benefit or gain and leave the meeting for the duration of discussion and/or voting in relation to the matter
- recognise the lack of authority in any individual board member or committee/working party of the board in any interaction with the principal or staff
- recognise that only the presiding member (working within the board's agreed presiding member role description or delegation) or a delegate working under written delegation can speak for the board
- continually self-monitor their individual performance as a member of the board against policies and any other current board evaluation tools
- be available to undertake appropriate professional development.

Procedures/supporting documentation

See Board Workplan

Monitoring

Code of Conduct to be reviewed and signed by each board member at the start of each year.

Legislative compliance

Education & Training Act 2020

Education (School Boards) Regulations 2020

B3. Board remuneration and expenses policy

Outcome statement

Remuneration and reimbursement of expenses to board members is transparent, fair and reasonable.

Scoping

The board exercises its right to set the amount that the presiding member and other board members are reimbursed for attendance at board meetings. These honoraria cover the expense of attending board meetings and are not payment for work undertaken.

The principal, as a member of the board, is entitled to the same payment as all other members except the presiding member. Any other payments or reimbursements are at the discretion of the board.

Expectations and limitations

Currently at Taupo Intermediate School:

- the presiding member receives \$75 per board meeting.
- other board members receive \$55 per board meeting.
- these honoraria are non-taxable within the agreed "allowed exemptions". Payments of up to \$55.00 for a board member and \$75.00 for the presiding member to attend a board meeting are defined as "expenditure incurred in the production of the payment" and are exempt from withholding tax.
- there is a limit on the number of payments for attending meetings in any one year that are exempt from withholding tax.

 Annual "allowed exemptions" are \$605 per board member (equivalent to 11 meetings per school year at \$55.00 a meeting) and \$825 for the chair (equivalent to 11 meetings at \$75.00 a meeting).
- there is no payment for working group/committee meetings.
- costs associated with attendance at professional development sessions may be met by the board but prior approval must be sought.
- all other reimbursements are at the discretion of the board and must be approved prior to any spending occurring.

Procedures/supporting documentation

School reimbursement claim form.

Monitoring

Agenda Item to be discussed at first meeting of the year and minutes clearly stating who is to receive payments.

Compliance

Income Tax Act 2007

IRD Honoraria payments to school trustees

B4. Conflict of interest policy

Outcome statement

The board effectively manages actual, potential and perceived conflicts of interest ensuring the integrity of board decisions and reputation of board members.

Scoping

The board shall create a register of all board members detailing any interests, relationships or holdings that could potentially result in a conflict of interest. This register shall be updated whenever a board member's circumstances change or a new member joins the board. It should be reviewed at the start of each school year and following board elections.

Board members who have a conflict of interest shall be excluded from relevant board meetings (or relevant parts of board meetings).

Expectations and limitations

All staff and board members will effectively manage conflicts of interest between the interests of the school on one hand and personal, professional and business interests on the other. This includes managing potential and actual conflicts of interest as well as perceptions of conflicts of interest.

Any board member who has a pecuniary interest or any other interest that may influence them in carrying out their duties and responsibilities as a board member must be excluded from any meeting while the board discusses, considers, considers anything relating to or decides on the matter.

Any board member who is a member of the board's staff must be excluded from any meeting while the board discusses, considers, considers anything relating to or decides on any matter relating to their own employment or a complaint received against them.

Any board member who is a student enrolled at the school must be excluded from any meeting while the board discusses, considers, considers anything relating to or decides on any matter relating to them as an individual student.

In the course of board meetings, board members will disclose any interests in a transaction or decision where their family and/or partner, employer or close associate will receive a benefit or gain. After disclosure, the person making the disclosure will be asked to leave the meeting for the discussion and will not be permitted to vote on the matter.

If so, many board members are conflicted that a quorum cannot be formed, the board will form a committee of non-conflicted members with appropriate delegation.

Procedures/supporting documentation

Disclosure of interest statements.

Monitoring

Conflict of Interest declaration made at the start of each board meeting and conflict of interest register held in board minutes.

Legislative compliance

Education (School boards) Regulations 2020

B5. Presiding member (chair) role description policy

Outcome statement

The board is effectively led.

Scoping

The presiding member presides over board meetings and ensures that each board member has a full and fair opportunity to be heard and understood by the other members of the board and that decisions that are in the best interest of the school, its students and staff are reached.

The presiding member is the leader of the board and works on behalf of the board with the principal on a day-to day basis.

The presiding member establishes and nurtures a positive professional working relationship with the principal.

The presiding member represents the board to the broader community and works in partnership with the principal to safeguard the integrity of the board's processes.

The presiding member often represents the board to the school and wider community and agencies such as the Ministry of Education and the Education Review Office and carries a responsibility to safeguard the integrity of the board.

Delegations

The board delegates management of the relationship between the board and the principal to the presiding member.

Expectations and limitations

The presiding member:

- is appointed by election at the first board meeting of the year except in a triennial board election year where it shall be at the first meeting of the board held after the election*.
- · acts within board policy and delegations at all times and not independently of the board.
- works with the board to develop a cohesive and effective team.
- welcomes new board members, ensures that disclosure of any conflicts of interest is made and the code of conduct is understood (and signed) and leads new member induction.
- assists board members' understanding of their role, responsibilities and accountability, including the need to comply with the board code of conduct policy.
- ensures the work of the board is completed.
- sets the board's meeting agenda and ensures that all board members have the required information for informed discussion of the agenda items.
- ensures the meeting agenda content is only about those issues that, according to board policy, clearly belong to the board to decide.
- effectively organises and presides over board meetings, ensuring that such meetings are conducted in accordance with the Education & Training Act 2020, the Education (School Boards) Regulations 2020, the relevant sections of the Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act 1987 and any board policies and protocols*.
- ensures interactive participation by all board members.
- represents the board to external parties as an official spokesperson for the school except for those matters where this has been delegated to another person.
- is the official signatory for the board, including for annual accounts*.
- is responsible for promoting effective communication between the board and wider community, including communicating appropriate board decisions.
- establishes and maintains a productive working relationship with the principal.
- ensures the principal's performance agreement and review are completed on an annual basis.
- ensures concerns and complaints are dealt with at the appropriate level, according to the school's concerns and complaints procedures.
- ensures any potential or real risk to the school or its name is communicated to the board. This includes any concern or complaint.
 - * Legislative requirement

Procedures/supporting documentation

Governance policies and protocols Board code of conduct School delegations list

Monitoring

Presiding member review to be undertaken as part of annual board effectiveness review in Board Workplan

Legislative compliance

Education & Training Act 2020

Education (School boards) Regulations 2020

Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act 1987

Official Information Act 1982

Privacy Act 2020

B6. Staff representative role description policy

Outcome statement

The staff representative brings a staff/student perspective to board discussion and decision making.

Scoping

As a member of the school board, the staff representative is elected by their peers to serve the interests of the school at governance level. They have equal voice, vote, standing and accountability to any other board member.

Expectations and limitations

	Staff/Student representative accountability measures		Standard
1.	To work within the board's charter/strategic plan.	1.1	The charter/strategic plan is obviously considered in board decisions.
2.	To abide by the board's governance and operational policies.	2.1	The staff representative has a copy of the governance manual and is familiar with all board policies.
3.	The staff representative is first and foremost a board member and must act in the best interests of the students at the school at all times.	3.1 3.2	The staff representative is not a staff advocate. The staff representative does not bring staff concerns to the board.
4.	The staff representative is bound by the board code of conduct.	4.1	The staff representative acts within the code of conduct.
5.	It is not necessary for the staff representative to prepare a verbal or written report for the board unless specifically requested to by the board.	5.1	No regular reports are received unless a request has been made by the board on a specific topic.

Procedures/supporting documentation

Board to enter own documentation.

Monitoring

Board to enter own monitoring and reporting procedures.

B7. Relationship between presiding member (chair) and principal policy

Outcome statement

The relationship between the presiding member and the principal is based on trust, integrity and mutual respect.

Scoping

A positive, productive working relationship between the principal and the presiding member is both central and vital to the school.

The presiding member and principal should act as sounding boards, both supporting and challenging, in order to hold the school to account for achieving the goals and targets that have been set.

The presiding member has no authority except that granted by the board. The presiding member does not act independently of the board.

Expectations and limitations

- The presiding member and principal must work as a team, and there should be no surprises
- The relationship must be professional
- Each must be able to counsel the other on performance concerns
- · The presiding member supports the principal and vice versa as appropriate
- Each agrees not to undermine the other's authority
- There is agreement to be honest with each other
- Each agrees and accepts the need to follow policy and procedures
- Neither party will deliberately hold back important information
- · Neither party will knowingly misinform the other

Procedures/supporting documentation

As per Board Workplan

Monitoring

As per Board Workplan

B8. Principal performance management policy

Outcome statement

A fair and transparent performance management process recognises the professionalism of the principal and the accountabilities of the board.

Scoping

An annual performance agreement will be established between the board and principal and be in place at the beginning of each school year.

The principal's performance against this agreement will be reviewed throughout the year, and a final report will be prepared and presented to the board at the end of the school year.

The prime focus of the agreement will be that; every student at the school is able to attain their highest possible standard in educational achievement; the school is an inclusive and safe place for all students and staff; the school gives effect to relevant students' rights and gives effect to Te Tiriti o Waitangi.

A budget for professional expenses and for professional development will be established annually in accordance with the principal's professional development plan contained in their performance agreement and be included in the budget. Spending within budget is with the approval of the board. Any overseas trips for professional development must be approved by the board at least one term in advance of the event.

Professional development expenses may include but are not confined to continuing education, books and periodicals, mentoring and attendance at professional conferences.

Delegations

The presiding member of the board (or personnel committee of the board) will ensure an annual performance review is carried out in accordance with this policy.

Expectations and limitations

- The review process will occur annually, providing a written record of how the principal has performed as per the terms of the performance agreement and identifying professional development needs.
- The principal's performance will be formally reviewed on an annual basis by duly delegated members of the board and, optionally at the board's choice, an independent consultant who specialises in education.
- Those delegated or contracted to perform the review process shall have written formalised instructions specifying the responsibilities of the role.
- There will be three interim reviews, one each term preceding the annual formal review, between the principal and chair or delegate(s) to discuss progress.
- The principal will be reviewed on the criteria set out in the performance agreement performance objectives, professional standards, learning and development objectives and fulfilment of additional duties that require concurrence payment.
- If the principal and the board disagree on the performance objectives, the board, after considering the principal's input, will amend the disputed objectives or confirm the unchanged objectives. The board's decision will be final.
- The presiding member, delegate(s) and consultant may gather information from staff, parents or any other relevant members of the larger school community who can provide feedback on how the principal has performed. Evidence may include surveys, self-review, teaching observation (if relevant), interviews, focus groups or documentary evidence.
- The principal and delegate(s) will meet for a formal interview to discuss whether the performance agreement has been satisfied, with the principal given the opportunity to discuss and comment on each criterion before a rating is given. The results will then be drafted into a report by the delegate(s) and sent to the principal. The principal can accept the report or dispute the report. If the report is disputed, the delegate(s) will consider the principal's views before deciding to either amend the report in accordance with the principal's views or let the report stand with the principal's comments attached.
- The presiding member/delegate(s)/consultant will present the final report/summary back to the board with the result of the review. The principal may/may not be present at the presentation and/but will have the opportunity to address the board. The principal will then exit, and further discussion may continue among the board.
- The principal will be informed personally and in writing of the final outcome following the report discussion.
- The performance agreement and results of the review are confidential to the principal, the board and their agents unless both parties agree to wider distribution.

Procedures/supporting documentation

Principal Performance Agreement and proposal agreed with External Consultant.

Monitoring

As per Board Workplan

Legislative compliance

Education and Training Act 2020 – sections 127 & 130



Governance framework

Part C: Governance processes and procedures – ways in which we ensure effective governance

Policy	Approval date	Reviewed	Next review
1. Meeting protocols	May 2022		Feb 2023
1.1 Public attending board meetings			
1.2 Meeting agenda			
1.3 Evaluation of meeting			
2. Delegations and committee principles	May 2022		Feb 2023
2.1 Review committee terms of reference			
2.2 Student behaviour management committee terms of reference			
2.3 Finance committee terms of reference and annual calendar			
3. Board induction process	May 2022		Feb 2023
4. Concerns and complaints process	May 2022		Feb 2023
4.1 Board complaints checklist			
5. Internal evaluation process	May 2022		Feb 2023
5.1 Triennial review programme			

C1 Meeting protocols

The Taupo Intermediate School board is committed to effective and efficient meetings and, to this end, sets out the following guidelines for the conduct of board meetings.

Timing of meetings

- Dates and times of meetings will be set in the board workplan as agreed at the start of the year or as otherwise agreed during the year by Board resolution, normally on the last Monday of the month starting at 5.30pm and finishing no later than 7.30pm.
- A resolution for an extension of time may be moved but will not normally exceed 30 minutes.
- Any business remaining on the agenda at the conclusion of the meeting is transferred to the following meeting.

Agenda and meeting papers

- The presiding member is responsible, in liaison with the principal, for the preparation of an agenda prior to each meeting.
- The principal is to ensure that secretarial services are provided to the board.
- Agenda items are to be notified to the presiding member 5 days prior to the meeting.
- The agenda and board papers will be circulated to board members at least 3 days prior to the meeting.
- The board should have access to all correspondence. Correspondence that requires the board to take some action should be
 photocopied/scanned and distributed prior to the meeting. Other correspondence can be listed and tabled so that board
 members can read it if required.
- The agenda for the part of each meeting that is open to the public will be posted on the board's section of the school website at least 48 hours prior to the meeting and copies made available at the meeting place for any members of the public.
- The agenda is to be collated with the items placed in order and marked with an agenda item number.
- Agenda items will reference relevant strategic goals and board policies.
- Late agenda items will only be accepted with the approval of the board and in rare circumstances where a decision is urgent.
- All items in the agenda are to carry a recommended course of action and where appropriate be supplemented by supporting
 material in the meeting documentation.
- Papers requiring reading and consideration will not normally be accepted if tabled at the meeting.
- The order of the agenda may be varied by resolution at the meeting.

Public participation

- The board meeting is a meeting open to the public rather than a public meeting
- Only members of the board have automatic speaking rights
- Public participation is at the discretion of the board
- Public attending the meeting, including staff members not elected as the staff representative, are given a notice about their rights regarding attendance at the meeting see C1.1 Public attending board meetings

Exclusion of the public

- The meeting may, by resolution, exclude the public (going into committee) and news media from the whole or part of the proceedings in accordance with the Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act 1987 (LGOIMA).* The wording to be used in the motion to exclude the public is found in Schedule 2A of LGOIMA. The board must make the reasons for excluding the public clear. Excluding the public is most often used to ensure privacy of individuals or financially sensitive issues.
- Persons may be asked to remain after the public has been excluded because they possess knowledge that will be of
 assistance in relation to the matter to be discussed. The board must pass a resolution that they may remain*.

Conduct of meetings

- A quorum of more than half the members currently holding office is required for the board to be able to conduct any business*.
- Meetings can be held via audio, audio and visual or electronic communication providing:
 - o all board members who wish to participate in the meeting have access to the technology needed to participate, and
 - o a quorum of members can simultaneously communicate with each other throughout the meeting*.
- Board members will declare any conflict of interest at the beginning of the meeting.
- Any board members with a conflict of interest or pecuniary interest in any issue shall not take part in any debate, deliberation
 or decision making on such issues. They must be excluded from the meeting for the duration of the debate, deliberation or
 decision making.* A pecuniary interest arises when a board member may be financially advantaged or disadvantaged as a

- result of decisions made by the board (contracts, pay a d conditions). A conflict of interest is when an individual board member could have or could be thought to have a personal stake in matters to be considered by the board.
- The presiding member shall be appointed by election at the first meeting of the year except in the triennial election year where it will be at the first meeting of the newly elected board*.
- The elected presiding member (or, in their absence, a non-school-based board member) presides at meetings.
- Only apologies received from those who cannot be present must be recorded. Members of the board who miss three
 consecutive meetings without the prior leave of the board cease to be members.* An apology does not meet the requirement
 of prior leave. To obtain prior leave, a board member must request leave from the board at a board meeting, and the board
 must make a decision whether or not to grant it.
- Points of order are questions directed to the presiding member that require an answer or a ruling. They are not open to debate and usually relate to the rules for the running of a meeting.
- The board's normal meeting procedures may be suspended by resolution of the meeting.

Decision-making process

- All board decision are made in light of board policy and the board's primary objectives of ensuring that; every student at the
 school is able to attain their highest possible standard in educational achievement; the school is an inclusive and safe place for
 all students and staff; the school gives effect to relevant students' rights and gives effect to Te Tiriti o Waitangi
- All decisions are to be taken by open voting by all board members present
- In the event of tied voting on a resolution, the presiding member may exercise a casting vote in addition to their deliberative vote*
- A motion is a formal proposal for consideration. All motions and amendments moved in debate must be seconded unless
 moved by the presiding member and are then open for discussion
- Motions and amendments once proposed and accepted may not be withdrawn without the consent of the meeting
- No further amendments may be accepted until the first one is disposed of
- The mover of a motion has right of reply
- A matter already discussed may not be reintroduced at the same meeting in any guise or by way of an amendment
- When a matter cannot be resolved or when further information is necessary before a decision can be made, the matter can be left unresolved for future discussion

Minutes

- Board meeting minutes will be taken by a contracted, paid minute secretary who is not a member of the board.
- The minutes are to clearly show resolutions and action points and who is to complete the action.
- Minutes are sent to the presiding member for checking within 3 working days and distributed electronically to the board within seven working days. Requests for corrections or amendments should be submitted by email to the presiding member as soon as possible to ensure accurate minutes can be confirmed at the next meeting.
- Minutes to be tabled for approval should be included in documentation made available to all board members prior to the meeting.

Once minutes are approved as true and correct, recordings of that meeting are to be deleted.

Calling special meetings

- If the Board has adopted procedures regarding special (extraordinary) meetings, then those would apply.
- In the absence of board procedures, a special meeting may be called by the presiding member. Otherwise, one third of board members currently holding office agreeing to call a special meeting would be good practice.

^{*} Legislative requirement

C1.1 Public attending board meetings

The board fosters open and transparent governance. It welcomes public attendance at and observation of board meetings. Members of the public include staff, students and parents' families and whānau of the school community who are not members of the board.

A copy of the following procedures will be provided to members of the public attending meetings so that they understand the rules that apply and are to be followed unless otherwise authorised by the board:

- Board meetings are not public meetings but meetings held in public.
- If the meeting moves to exclude the public (usually to protect the privacy of individuals), members of the public will be asked to
 leave the meeting until this aspect of business has been concluded.
- Members of the public may be given copies of the meeting agenda and associated reports.
- Members of the public may request speaking rights on a particular item that is on the agenda. Preferably, this request will have been made in advance. Public participation is at the discretion of the board.
- Speakers shall be restricted to a maximum of 3 minutes each per subject, with a time limit of 15 minutes per interest group.
- No more than 3 speakers will be permitted on any one agenda item.
- Speakers are not to question the board and must speak to the agenda item.
- · Board members will not address questions or statements to speakers.
- Speakers shall not be disrespectful or offensive or make malicious statements or claims.
- If the person presiding over the meeting believes that any of these conditions have been breached or the speaker has gone
 over time, they may be asked to finish.

This procedure has been approved by the board of trustees on May 2022.

C1.2 Meeting agenda

A typical agenda will be as follows:

Taupo Intermediate School Board Board Meeting Agenda Monday XX XX 20XX, School Meeting Room, commencing 5:30pm

VISION: To make a positive difference through the T.I.S Way

OPENING MATTERS - X mins

1. Welcome, Present/Apologies/Guests, Speaking Rights, Declaration of Interests

ENVIRONMENTAL SCANNING - XX mins

- 2. What's on the Radar?
- 3. Update of Kahui Ako

STRATEGIC | CRITICAL - XX mins

- 4. Decisions to be made:
- 5. Discussions to be held:

MONITORING | REPORTING - XX mins

- 6. Principal's Report
- 7. Financial Report
- 8. Property Report
- 9. Staff Report
- 10. Compliance
- 11. Ski Lodge Update
- 12. Board Professional Development

IN-COMMITTEE TIME - 10 mins

13. Decisions or discussions that require the Board to move into "Committee"

ADMINISTRATION - 5 mins

- 14. Review and Acceptance of Previous Meeting Minutes
- 15. Matters Arising from Previous Minutes
- 16. Correspondence Inwards + Outwards
- 17. Board Message to the Community
- 18. Trustee Time Log

MEETING CLOSURE

- 19. Comments on Meeting Procedures and Outcomes
- 20. Preparation for Next Meeting

FUTURE MEETING DATES

Note: Board Workplan is on the back of the agenda, a list of Current Delegations in Board Minutes and Correspondence is emailed to Board Members and stored in the Dropbox folder.

C1.3 Evaluation of meeting on [date] chaired by [name]

1. How well do you think we achieved the objectives for the meeting based on the agenda?

	•			
Not at all				Very well
1	2	3	4	5
Comment:	_	<u> </u>		ı
Comment.				
2. How well do you thin	k the board works as a tean	n?		
Not at all				Very well
			<u>.</u>	
1	2	3	4	5
Comment:				
. How satisfied are you	u with how the meeting was	chaired?		
Not at all				Very well
1	2	3	4	5
Comment:			•	•
. How satisfied are you	u with your participation and	contribution as an individ	ual?	
	u with your participation and	Continuation as an individ	uai:	
Not at all				Very well
1	2	3	4	5
Comment:	<u> </u>	·	<u> </u>	
_				
. Is there anything that	t you believe could improve	our meeting process?		
lame: (Ontional)				
iame. (Optional)				

C2 Delegations and committee principles

Regulation 9 of the Education (School Boards) <u>Regulations</u> 2020 allows the board to appoint committees/working parties to assist it to carry out its responsibilities and due process (e.g. staff appointments, finance, property, disciplinary).

Unless specified otherwise in the Education & Training <u>Act</u> 2020, Regulation 8 of the Education (School Boards) 2020 gives the board the authority to delegate any of its functions or powers to a person (as specified in the regulation) or committee, except the power to borrow money.

Delegations must be made by resolution of the board and should be notified to the delegate(s) in writing, along with terms of reference.

A person who has been delegated functions or powers of the board may not sub-delegate to another person without prior written consent of the board.

Anyone to whom a sub-delegation has been made, is subject to the same restrictions and terms of reference as the original delegate.

No one may exercise any of the board's functions or powers without delegation.

Board committees:

- Are to be used sparingly to preserve the board functioning as a whole when other methods have been deemed inadequate.
- Can include non-board members but at least one committee member must be a member of the board.
- May not speak or act for the board except when formally given such authority for specific and time-limited purposes such
 authority will be carefully stated in order not to conflict with authority delegated to the principal or the presiding board member.
- Assist the board chiefly by preparing policy alternatives and implications for board deliberation.
- Are intended to assist the board and not to advise or carry out the work of staff.
- Must act through the board and can only recommend courses of action unless they hold delegated authority to act on the board's behalf
- Are to have terms of reference drawn up as required, usually containing information as to their:
 - o purpose
 - o membership
 - o delegated authority

The board will maintain a record of current delegations.

The board of Taupo Intermediate School currently has the following standing committees:

- Disciplinary committee
- Finance committee

Any other committees established for special purposes should conform to the above principles.

C2.1 Review committee terms of reference

Purpose

To monitor, on the board's behalf, compliance with board policies and external legislation. This includes:

- Supporting the board to review the effectiveness of the board's governance processes.
- Reviewing the effectiveness of systems for the assessment and management of areas of risk.
- Verifying that mechanisms are in place to ensure compliance with statutory requirements, financial and other.
- Commissioning reviews of specific controls and procedures (financial or non-financial) where requested by the board.
- Reporting any concerns or reservations arising from the external auditor's/reviewer's work and any other matters that the
 external auditor/ reviewer brings to the attention of the board.
- Ensuring implementation of the triennial review programme.

Committee members

At least one board member who should not be either the presiding member of the board or principal.

Meets

As required. The person presiding over this committee will report to the board as appropriate on the areas covered by the terms of reference and the triennial review programme.

Delegated authority

The review committee is formally constituted as a committee of the board within these approved terms of reference and the delegated authority recorded in the board's delegations list.

The committee shall be appointed by the board. The board may co-opt additional board members to the committee as and when required.

Members of the management team shall attend meetings when requested.

A representative of the external auditor may be requested to attend meetings when appropriate.

The committee is authorised by the board to investigate any activity within its terms of reference. It is authorised to seek any information it requires from any board member or employee, and all members of the board and employees are requested to cooperate with any request made by the committee. The principal will be informed in advance of any such requests.

The committee may recommend that external and independent advice is sought. If the advice is likely to incur costs, prior approval must be sought from the board.

No individual member of the review committee can act without the directive of the committee as a whole.

C2.2 Student behaviour management committee terms of reference

Purpose

To ensure that all processes relating to the suspension of students adhere to the requirements of the <u>Education and Training Act</u> 2020, <u>Education (Stand-down, Suspension, Exclusion and Expulsion) Rules 1999</u> and <u>Ministry of Education guidelines</u>.

Committee members

All members of the board excluding the principal.

The board's presiding member shall preside over student suspension meetings or, in their absence, another non-school based board member determined by the committee.

The quorum for the committee shall be two board members.

Delegated authority

Under Clause 8 of the Education (School Boards) Regulations 2020, certain powers of the board shall be delegated to the student behaviour management committee of the board. The committee will:

- Review the principal's decision to suspend.
- If the principal's decision to suspend is upheld, make recommendations to the board or decide the outcome according to committee as delegated.
- Uphold the principles of natural justice in suspension meeting procedures.
- Act in fairness, without bias or prejudice and with confidentiality.
- Act within legislation and the Ministry of Education guidelines and student (human) rights set out in the New Zealand Bill of rights Act 1990 and the Human Rights Act 1993.
- Act only on written and agreed information, not hearsay.

The board will be kept informed by the principal of the number of stand-downs, suspensions, exclusions and expulsions at each board meeting.

Review schedule: Triennially

C2.3 Finance committee terms of reference and annual calendar

Purpose

The finance committee is formed to provide guidance to the principal in the financial management of the school.

Scoping

The school board has overall responsibility for the financial management of the school but delegates the day-to-day management of the school's finances and budget to the principal.

As a committee of the board, the finance committee is responsible for providing guidance to the principal on financial matters.

Delegated authority

The finance committee is responsible to the board for:

- Recommending, in association with the principal, an annual operating and capital budget, including professional development budget allocation for the principal and the staff.
- Determining the level of budgetary discretion available to the principal.
- Monitoring and reporting on the annual budget via the principal.
- Reviewing on behalf of the board accounts passed for payment by the school.
- Advising on additional funding sources.
- Assisting, if appropriate, the principal's preparation of the financial report, presented by the principal at every board meeting.
- Recommending changes to financial policy.
- Overseeing the preparation of the annual accounts for board approval.
- Assisting the principal in reporting financial performance to parents and the community.
- Providing input into the school's strategic plan.
- Preparing special reports for consideration by the board.
- Annually reviewing the school's risk management needs and insurance cover.
- Assessing and making recommendations to the board on requests for spending on individual items outside of budget.

Finance committee annual calendar

Date	Action required
28 February	Finance committee self-review and plan for the year Annual budget approval
31 March	Annual accounts prepared and forwarded to the auditors
31 May	Community reporting on financial performance
30 June	Ensure any issues raised by the auditor have been addressed Mid-year budget review
31 August	Annual review of risk management needs and insurances
30 September	Annual review of 10-year property plan completed, in accordance with the board's review plan, by the property committee and available as an input document for budgeting purposes. Note that this should also encompass normal cyclical maintenance and capital works Annual plan available as an input document for preparation of the budget
31 October	Initial annual budget recommendations submitted to the board
30 November	Revised annual budget (if required) submitted to the board for approval at start of next school year

Review schedule: Triennially

C3 Board induction process

The board is committed to ensuring continuity of governance and a smooth transition when new members join the board.

New board members will receive a welcome letter on their joining the board which includes:

- Where and when they can access their governance folder
- A suggested date for induction
- An outline of what will be covered in the induction meeting
- The date of the next board meeting
- Board presiding member (chair) and principal contact details

New board members will be issued with a governance manual (either electronically or in hard copy) containing copies of the school's:

- strategic and annual implementation plans
- policies
- current budget
- last ERO report

- last annual report
- triennial board workplan
- minutes of the last three open board meetings
- any other relevant material

New board members will be invited to attend an induction, facilitated by the presiding member or delegate, which will include:

- Introduction to the board's strategic goals, strategic plan and an explanation of their importance
- Explanation of board policy and other material in the governance folder
- Summary of any opportunities or risks facing the board
- Overview of the requirements of the presiding member role with reference to policy
- Discussion of the board's code of conduct board members to sign and agree to work within the board's code
- Outline of current board professional development
- Overview of first board meeting including delegations

The principal and presiding member or delegate will brief all new members on the organisational structure of the school.

The principal will conduct a site visit of the school.

New board members are to be advised of the professional development that is available from NZSTA and other relevant providers.

After 3 months on the board, the effectiveness of the induction process is to be reviewed by the presiding member with the new members. The review will include the following aspects:

Did you feel welcomed onto the board?

Very welcome Welcome Not very welcome

Comment:

Did you receive all necessary information in a timely manner?

Very timely Timely Not very timely

Comment:

Did you find the induction with the principal and presiding member effective?

Very effective Effective Not very effective

Comment:

Please comment on how we could improve this induction process:

C4 Concerns and complaints process

No

Advice for students, staff, parents, whanau and community

Starting point

Your concern or problem involves a classroom matter or a particular staff member.

Write a note or phone the staff member concerned to make a suitable time to discuss the issue. Indicate before the discussion what the concern is about.

Talk with the relevant staff member about the issue. Be prepared to listen to their point of view. This may require more than one meeting and/ or involve the associate principal.

Provide feedback to the staff member as to whether you were satisfied or not to ensure the concern or problem is settled.

Issue resolved?

Yes

Your concern or problem does not involve a classroom matter or particular staff member or has not been resolved by visiting the staff member.

Yes

Write a note or phone the principal and make a time to discuss the concern or problem. Indicate before the discussion what the concern is about and the steps you have taken to remedy it.

Discuss with the principal, be prepared to listen to their point of view also and provide feedback to ensure the concern or problem is settled. The concern may be referred back to the staff member(s) particularly where this process has not been followed to date.

Issue resolved?

Yes

Your concern or problem has not been resolved by visiting the staff member or the principal or it involves the principal or board.

You now have a complaint.

No

No

Write to the board outlining your problem, concern or complaint in detail and all actions taken to date. The presiding member (chair) will need to ensure the correct process has been followed before the board will consider this matter, and may direct you back to the staff member or principal. Include your name, signature and contact details. Your complaint will be acknowledged along with an expected timeframe for resolution.

Unless there are exceptional circumstances, the board will not accept any complaint unless it is in writing, signed and a reasonable attempt has been made to resolve the issue through this process. Once the board has considered and resolved the complaint, the board will endeavour to convene a follow-up contact within 1 month.

No further action is required

C4.1 Board complaints checklist

Once a letter of complaint has been received, the board's presiding member (chair) should ensure the following process is followed:

Cł	necklist	Notes/date completed
1.	Presiding member ensures the process has been followed as outlined in the concerns and complaints procedure or is a genuine complaint against the principal or board.	
2.	Presiding member verifies with the principal that any staff (or others) identified in the complaint are aware of the situation and that there has been discussion and attempts to reconcile.	
3.	If the complaint or action is employment related or has potential industrial relations implications, presiding member contacts NZSTA employment advisory and support centre. For all other complaints, contact NZSTA governance advisory and support centre.	eradvice@nzsta.org.nz govadvice@nzsta.org.nz
4.	Presiding member alerts the school's insurance broker.	
5.	Presiding member acknowledges the letter of complaint within 7 days and advises the board process, or redirects the complainant to principal, syndicate leader or staff member as appropriate. Presiding member reports to the board without names or detail at the next meeting.	
6.	Once confirmed as a legitimate complaint to the board, presiding member forwards it confidentially to all board members for consideration. Any member who has a conflict of interest should declare and take no further part in the process around this matter.	
7.	Board requests principal to present full written report to the board outlining all actions taken, advice received, meetings held and justified decisions made.	
8.	Board determines if the principal's report fully satisfies it of full and fair process. If so, the board supports the principal and advises the complainant.	
9.	If not satisfied, the board meets and discusses in public excluded business, determines whether or not to formally meet the complainant and delegates responsibility to members of the board as deemed appropriate.	
10.	Board delegates meet with the complainant and discuss the complaint more fully - clarifying, investigating and verifying. Support persons should be confirmed as welcome to attend this meeting.	
11.	Board delegates report back to full board and recommend actions/decisions.	
12.	Board considers recommendations, records and formally minutes decisions.	
13.	Board advises complainant in writing of its provisional decisions and factors considered in reaching them, within 21 days of complaint receipt, unless otherwise agreed by all parties. Complainant is given opportunity to comment before the board's final decision is reached and given.	
14.	Board advises complainant of their right to apply for dispute resolution if they are dissatisfied with the outcome.	
15.	Board aims to convene follow-up meeting within 1 month of step 9.	

C5 Internal evaluation process

A planned process for internal review enables continuous improvement in the governance and performance of the school.

The board's triennial review schedule is based on annually updated workplans.

A copy of the current workplan will be considered at each board meeting to ensure the evaluation cycle is on track.

Performance for each area itemised on the review schedule will be evaluated against evidence that includes but is not limited to:

- The annual report including the Analysis/Statement of Variance (AoV/SoV) and audited financial statements
- Student achievement data
- Staff and student wellbeing surveys
- Education Review Office (ERO) reports
- Board internal governance evaluation and performance review
- · Feedback from parents, caregivers and staff
- Student voice
- Principal performance review
- Any other means deemed appropriate by the board.

Review schedule: Triennially

C5.1 Triennial review programme - based on annual work plans 2023–2025

Board meeting dates 2023

Area for review	Feb	Mar	May	Jun	Aug	Sep	Nov	Dec
Strategic plan	Confirm and approve 3- year strategic plan and annual implementation plan		Annual aims regularly reviewed and reported to board through principal's reports Community of Learning/Kāhui Ako regularly reported to board through principal's reports					AoV/SoV Receive draft annual implementation plan
Policy	Governance policy 1: Board responsibilities Governance policy 2: Board code of conduct	Operational policy 1: Responsibilities of the principal		Operational policy 2: Curriculum delivery	Operational policy 9: Concerns and complaints		Governance policy 5: Presiding member role description	
Student progress and achievement	2022 AoV/SoV report	Learning support needs		Mid-year report post parent interviews	Pasifika student focus	Gifted and talented		AoV/SoV draft
Te Tiriti o Waitangi	Māori student focus	Local Māori community consultation		Māori student focus	Local Māori community consultation		Ensure strategic plan reflects local tikanga Māori, mātauranga and te ao Māori	
Inclusion and wellbeing	Student transition focus		Receive staff wellbeing survey report		Receive student wellbeing survey report		Student transition focus	Board wellbeing assessment
HR	Principal performance agreement process	Principal performance agreement approved	HR audit	HR audit report Mid-year principal performance review		Provisional staffing entitlement and funding		Principal appraisal report
Curriculum	Key competencies		English		Numeracy	The arts		
Budget	Approve budget Draft financial report	Monitor Monthly report	Monitor Monthly report	Mid-year review Monthly report	Monitor Monthly report	Monitor Monthly report Update/review 5YA/10YPP	Next year's draft budget Monthly report	Finalise and adopt draft budget Monthly report
New government or local initiatives								
Board process compliance requirements	Elect presiding member Delegations	Accounts to auditor AoV/SoV to MoE	Annual report to MoE by 31 May	Roll return 1 July Election of presiding member (in election year)	Induction of new board (in election year)	Student representative election	Health curriculum consultation	Board report to community
Board PD & internal evaluation		Your community workshop	Health and safety workshop		NZSTA new board PD (election year)	NZSTA new board PD (election year)	Evaluation of board effectiveness	

Board meeting dates 2024

Area for review	Feb	Mar	May	Jun	Aug	Sep	Nov	Dec
Strategic plan	Confirm 3-year charter/strategic plan and annual implementation plan			I reported to board throug		5	Review strategic plan	AoV/SoV Receive draft annual implementation plan
Policy	Governance policy 9: Principal performance management		Operational policy 3: Personnel; 3.1: Appointments	Governance policy 4: Conflict of interest	Operational policy 4: Financial planning, 4.1: Financial condition 4.2 Asset protection	Governance policy 6/7: Staff/student representative role description	Governance policy 8: Relationship between presiding member & principal	
Student progress and achievement	2023 AoV/SoV report	Learning support needs		Mid-year report post parent interviews	Pasifika student focus	Gifted and talented		AoV/SoV draft
Te Tiriti o Waitangi	Māori student focus	Local Māori community consultation		Māori student focus	Local Māori community consultation		Ensure strategic plan reflects local tikanga Māori, mātauranga and te ao Māori	
Inclusion and wellbeing	Student transition focus		Receive staff wellbeing survey report		Receive student wellbeing survey report	Community survey - inclusion	Student transition focus	Board wellbeing assessment
HR	Principal performance agreement process	Principal performance agreement approved	Receive summary of exit interviews	Mid-year principal performance review		Provisional staffing entitlement and funding		Principal appraisal report
Curriculum		Technology		Health and physical education	Science		Social sciences	
Budget	Approve budget Draft financial report	Monitor Monthly report	Monitor Monthly report	Mid-year review Monthly report	Monitor Monthly report	Monitor Monthly report Update/review 5YA/10YPP	Next year's draft budget Monthly report	Finalise and adopt draft budget Monthly report
New government and local initiatives								
Board process compliance requirements/best practice	Elect presiding member Delegations Board code of conduct	Accounts to auditor AoV/SoV to MoE	Annual report to MoE by 31 May	Roll return 1 July Review committee principles and terms of reference		Student representative election		Parent reporting
Board PD & internal evaluation	NZSTA Finance workshops	Board self-directed learning	NZSTA Student behaviour mgt workshop	Board self-directed learning	NZSTA Inclusive schools and student wellbeing workshop	Board self-directed learning	Board self-directed learning	

Board meeting dates 2025

Area for review	Feb	Mar	May	Jun	Aug	Sep	Nov	Dec
Strategic plan	Confirm 3-year charter/strategic plan and annual implementation plan		Annual aims regularly reviewed and reported to board through principal's reports Community of Learning/Kāhui Ako regularly reported to board through principal's reports				Review of strategic plan	AoV/SoV Receive draft annual implementation plan
Policy	Operational policy 6: Health and safety	'	Governance policy 3: Board remuneration and expenses	Operational policy 8: Managing challenging behaviour and physical restraint	Governance policy 8: Relationship between presiding member and principal	Operational policy 5: Protection and sharing of intellectual property	Operational policy 9: Concerns & complaints	
Student progress and achievement	2024 AoV/SoV report	Learning support needs		Mid-year report post parent interviews	Pasifika student focus	Gifted and talented		AoV/SoV draft
Te Tiriti o Waitangi	Māori student focus	Local Māori community consultation		Māori student focus	Local Māori community consultation		Ensure strategic plan reflects local tikanga Māori, mātauranga and te ao Māori	
Inclusion and wellbeing	Student transition focus		Receive staff wellbeing survey report		Receive student wellbeing survey report	Health curriculum consultation	Student transition focus	Board wellbeing assessment
HR	Principal performance agreement process	Principal performance agreement approved		Mid-year principal performance review		Provisional staffing entitlement and funding		Principal appraisal report
Curriculum		Mathematics and statistics	Education learning languages		Te reo Māori		Local curriculum & tikanga Māori	
Budget	Approve budget Draft financial report	Monitor Monthly report	Monitor Monthly report	Mid-year review Monthly report	Monitor Monthly report	Monitor Monthly report Update/review 5YA/10YPP	Next year's draft budget Monthly report	Finalise and adopt draft budget Monthly report
New government and local initiatives								
Board process compliance requirements/ best practice	Elect presiding member Delegations Board code of conduct	Accounts to auditor	Annual report to MoE by 31 May	Roll return 1 July Board meeting process review	Succession planning (ahead of election year	Student representative election	Appoint returning officer for triennial elections as appropriate	Parent reporting Promote board elections next year Host Kõrari workshop
Board PD & internal evaluation	NZSTA Succession planning workshop			NZSTA Governance essentials	NZSTA Student achievement workshop	Board self-directed learning/workshops	NZSTA strategic planning workshop	



Governance framework

Part D: Operational policies – board expectations for the control and management of the school

Pol	icy	Outcome statements	Approved / reviewed	Next review
1.	Responsibilities of the principal policy	Authority and accountability for the day-to-day running/operation of the school is delegated to the principal.	May 2022	As per triennial plan
2.	Honouring the Treaty of Waitangi policy	School governance will honour New Zealand's dual cultural heritage and ensure that Māori students can achieve educational success as Māori.	May 2022	Feb 2023
3.	Achievement of Māori Students policy	The achievement level of Māori students will be raised to enable equitable access to future educational, occupational, and social opportunities.	May 2022	Feb 2023
4.	Curriculum delivery policy	Curriculum delivery reflects charter/strategic plan aims and meets legislative requirements.	May 2022	As per triennial plan
5.	Personnel policy	The obligations and responsibilities of being a good employer are met.	May 2022	As per triennial plan
6.	Appointments policy	The most suitably qualified persons who are best suited to the position are appointed through a fair and sound appointments process that meets the legislative requirements of a good employer.	May 2022	As per triennial plan
7.	Financial planning and condition policy	The school is financially viable, manages risks effectively and resources are targeted to where they make the most difference to outcomes for students.	May 2022	As per triennial plan
8.	Asset protection policy	Assets of the school are utilised to maximise the best outcomes for students.	May 2022	As per triennial plan
9.	Sensitive Expenditure	Board funds are clearly linked to the business of the school and do not provide unreasonable and/or personal benefit to any individual or group of individuals (staff or students).	May 2022	As per triennial plan
10.	Protection and sharing of intellectual property (Creative commons) policy	The board enables and encourages sharing and collaboration between teachers by recognising and removing legal barriers that exist to the sharing of materials created by school staff in the course of their employment.	May 2022	As per triennial plan

11. Health and safety policy	A safe and healthy workplace is maintained by providing the information, training and supervision needed to ensure the health and safety of all students, staff, and other people in the workplace.	May 2022	As per triennial plan
12. Education Outside the Classroom policy	To enable EOTC activities at school to be provided safely.	May 2022	Feb 2023
13. Child protection policy	Students at this school thrive, belong and achieve to the best of their ability. The school is committed to the prevention of child abuse and neglect and to the protection of all children.	May 2022	As per triennial plan
14. Behaviour Management Policy	To clarify the behaviours expected at school to ensure a safe and positive environment for all students and staff.	May 2022	As per triennial plan
15. Managing challenging behaviour and physical restraint policy	To minimise the effect of challenging behaviour, the board shall ensure that effective procedures are in place around the management of student behaviour and the use of physical restraint.	May 2022	As per triennial plan
16. Stand Down and Suspension of Students	To clarify the process for stand down and suspension of students.	May 2022	As per triennial plan
17. Concerns and complaints policy	All complaints, concerns and incidents are attended to promptly, respectfully and professionally and seek to bring effective resolution to all parties concerned.	May 2022	As per triennial plan
18. Protected Disclosures Policy	To clarify the process for making protected disclosures or "whistleblowers".	May 2022	As per triennial plan

D1 Responsibilities of the Principal Policy

Outcome statement

Authority and accountability for the day-to-day running/operation of the school is delegated to the principal.

Scoping

The principal is the professional leader of the school and the chief executive of the board in relation to the school's control and management. The board is responsible for the governance of the school, including setting the policies by which the school is to be controlled and managed. The principal is responsible for the implementation of these policies including the charter/strategic plan.

The relationship between the board and principal is based on mutual respect, trust, integrity and support with both parties working to ensure no surprises.

Delegations

Authority and accountability for the day-to-day running of the school is delegated to the principal. Reference in documentation to the school, management and staff is to be read as "principal" regarding responsibility for implementation.

Only decisions made by the board acting as a board are binding on the principal unless specific delegations to the presiding member, individual board members, members presiding over committees or committees of the board are in place.

The board presiding member/personnel committee has responsibility for the principal's performance review.

Expectations and limitations

The principal shall not cause or allow any practice, activity or decision that is unethical, unlawful or imprudent or that violates the board's expressed values, its charter/strategic plan or commonly held professional ethic.

The responsibilities of the principal are set out in the board's operational policies and include the following:

- Meet the requirements of their current job description and employment agreement including the four areas of practice from the Professional Standards for Primary/Secondary Principals.
- Participate in the development and implementation of their annual performance agreement and participate in their annual review process.
- Act as the educational leader and day-to-day manager of the school within the law and in line with board policies.
- Develop, seek board approval for and implement an annual plan that; is aligned with the board's strategic plan; meets legislative requirements; gives priority to improved student progress and achievement; ensures that the school is an inclusive and safe place for all students and staff; honours students' (human) rights and gives effect to Te Tiriti o Waitangi.
- Use resources efficiently and effectively and preserve assets (financial and property).
- Operate within the board's approved annual budget.
- Give effect to good employer policies and practices through effective procedures, instructions, or guidelines.
- Employ, deploy and terminate staff positions in line with board policy and legislative requirements.
- Communicate with the community on operational matters as and where appropriate.
- Refrain from unauthorised public statements about the official position of the board on social, political and/or
 educational issues that are or have the potential to be controversial.
- Keep the board informed of all information relevant to its governance role and report this in accordance with the requirements set out under Monitoring below.
- Act as protected disclosures officer and ensure procedures are in place to meet the requirements of the Protected Disclosures Act 2000.
- Appoint, on behalf of the board, the privacy officer.
- Ensure school procedures meet the legislative statutes and regulations as set down in the appropriate Acts,

Ministry of Education circulars and Education Gazette.

- Ensure systems are developed and implemented to support the smooth running of the school regarding surrender and retention of property and searches of students. Written records and storage of items must be consistent with legislative requirements and associated rules and guidelines.
- Ensure systems and procedures meet requirements set out in the Rules regarding student behaviour management and the use of physical restraint.

The principal is not restricted from using the expert knowledge of individual board members acting as community experts.

Procedures/supporting documentation

Board's governance and management definitions

Principal's job description

Principal's employment agreement including relevant Principal Professional Standards

Principal's performance agreement and review report

Annual implementation plan and budget

Personnel-related policy and procedures including appointments and performance management

Monitoring

The board will review the principal's performance in line with its policy on principal performance review.

Evidence gathered for the review will include principal reporting to the board in line with the board's annual workplan and that addresses all matters having real or potential legal considerations and risk for the school including significant trends, implications of board decisions, issues or risk to policy compliance or changes to the basis upon which the board's strategic aims have been developed.

The principal will prepare (or, where appropriate, delegate, coordinate and approve) a report for every board meeting that:

- Is timely, accurate and presents information in an understandable form that is not too complex or lengthy.
- Tracks progress and variance towards strategic aims and key performance indicators.
- Includes data and analysis on curriculum delivery, student progress and achievement.
- Includes data and analysis on student wellbeing.
- Provides evidence of the school's giving effect to Te Tiriti o Waitangi.
- Informs the board of any significant changes in staffing, programmes, plans or processes that are under consideration.
- Outlines financial income and expenditure and explains any variance against budget.
- Summarises and highlights any risks associated with the fortnightly staff usage and expenditure (SUE) report.
- Identifies the number of stand-downs, suspensions, exclusions and expulsions during the period and highlights trends over time.
- · Identifies any instances of physical restraint.
- Includes information of any actual or potential risks to health and safety.
- Specifies current roll numbers and explains any roll variance against year levels.
- Recommends changes in board policies when the need for them becomes known.
- Highlights areas of possible adverse publicity or community dissatisfaction.
- Addresses any other matter requested by the board within a reasonable, specified timeframe.

Legislative compliance

Education & Training Act 2020
Privacy Act 2020
Protected Disclosures Act 2000
Education (Physical Restraint) Rules 2017
Collective Employment Agreement for Principals

D2 Honouring the Treaty of Waitangi Policy

Outcome statement

School governance will honour New Zealand's dual cultural heritage and ensure that Māori students can achieve educational success as Māori.

What is the Treaty of Waitangi?

The Treaty, in essence, is a political agreement used to establish a mutually beneficial relationship between hapu (who had been here for centuries) and the Crown (who represented the interests of Europeans and new settlers). It was originally signed on 6 February 1840.

The Treaty is made up of four articles:

Article 1: Kāwanatanga: The right of the British to govern

Article 2: Rangatiratanga: the right of hapū to retain sovereignty

Article 3: Ōritetanga: the guarantee that Māori would have the same rights as others

Article 4: The assertion that Māori customs shall be protected

Articles 3 and 4 envisage Māori enjoying the same rights as others, in culturally appropriate ways.

The term "honourable Kāwanatanga" or "honourable governance", describes the situation where those on the Crown side of the Treaty relationship, such as the Taupo Intermediate Board, work toward meeting their Treaty responsibilities. In education, this is captured by the objective "Māori achieving educational success as Māori" – teaching based on understandings and practices that are culturally responsive.

Scope

Student Achievement

Charter Review and Development

Principal Appraisal

Employers Role

Review

Policy Framework

Rationale

The Board is responsible to exercise honourable governance in a way that values and reflects New Zealand's dual cultural heritage. The Treaty of Waitangi provides a strategic framework for this responsibility and potential to be met.

Boards of Trustees are legally accountable for "Māori students to achieve educational success as Māori". Boards play a vital role in recognising and promoting Māori educational success because more Māori are attending Englishmedium than Māori-medium schools.

Board Commitment to Honourable Governance

At Taupo Intermediate School, honourable governance means, but is not limited to:

Leadership: Te Wahi ki nga Kaiurungi

- Providing quality leadership, teaching, and learning to best influence learner achievement; and
- Effectively engaging with learners and those who are best placed to support them (parents, whanau, lwi, communities, and businesses).

Representation: Te kanohi Māori

- Develop school-wide, sustainable relationships between school and whanau demonstrating the long-term commitment and actions that affirm Māori language, culture, and identity; and
- Form deep partnerships with whanau based on mutual respect.

Accountability: Te eke angitu a te Māori

Require timely, accurate and comprehensive Māori specific data to make evidence-based decisions for the

- school and to provide quality leadership and authentic responses to the needs of Māori students; and
- Ensure that the goals and strategic aims set for Māori are driven by and with Māori to make the whole school accountable to the overall goal of Māori achieving educational success as Māori.

Employer role: Te manaaki tangata

- Appointment of staff who are culturally responsive and who value Māori educational aspirations and priorities;
- A coherent planned approach to Māori educational improvement;
- Leadership appraisal goals that are challenging, specific and linked to strategic goals about improving Māori teaching and learning;
- Assessment of goals or progress based on a range of information about teacher practices and Māori student learning;
- Recruiting Māori staff and supporting and resourcing them appropriately;
- Effectively resourcing whanau or members of the Māori community to be involved in school decision-making processes; and
- Directly promoting and investing in professional development that:
 - o challenges teachers' and professional leaders' beliefs about Māori learners;
 - deliberately increases teachers' and professional leaders' knowledge of what works for and with Māori, based on the evidence;
 - involves and appropriately remunerates whanau of the school in building teachers' abilities to provide excellent teaching for Māori students;
 - documents its effectiveness in improving teaching practices and outcomes for learners, specifically identifying Māori learner outcomes; and
 - continues to build our knowledge of what works for and with Māori and ensures this is integrated into teaching programmes.

Review

The Board will review this Policy annually to ensure that the school is honourably governed as part of the Charter review process. This will be a standing agenda item on the Annual Board Workplan.

D3 Achievement of Māori Students Policy

Outcome statement

The achievement level of Māori students will be raised to enable equitable access to future educational, occupational, and social opportunities.

Rationale

This school accepts the importance of the need to raise the achievement levels of Māori students to enable them to have equitable access to future educational, occupational, and social opportunities. The board has an obligation under NAG 1(v) to consult with our Māori community, to develop and make known to the whole community policies, plans and targets for improving the achievement of Māori students.

Purpose

To comply with the Treaty of Waitangi obligations

To implement procedures for improving achievement of Māori

To obtain the support of the school community in these plans

To assist staff in meeting the schools aims and obligations.

Expectations and limitations

A schedule of consultation will be drawn up and followed on an annual basis.

The Board will seek to have as a member a Māori community representative where possible.

The Board will provide ongoing information on its deliberations to local Māori

The school management will identify and maintain a register of Māori students, their age, gender academic progress and any issues affecting both individual and collective achievement.

The school management will in consultation with staff, in particular Māori teachers, with appropriate community agencies and with local Māori develops for consideration by the Board a programme of interventions, activities and resourcing aimed at raising achievement levels. This may involve targeted funding, procurement of appropriate resources and possible appointment of staff.

Ongoing monitoring of Māori students will be maintained for literacy levels and reported on every six months to the Board.

Progress on Māori achievement will form part of the school's annual report to the community

The school management will ensure that they and the teaching staff meet the appropriate teaching standards relating to te reo Māori and tikanga Māori.

D4 Curriculum Delivery Policy

Outcome statement

Curriculum delivery reflects charter/strategic plan aims and meets legislative requirements.

Scoping

The board's primary objectives are to ensure that; every student at the school is able to attain their educational potential; the school is a safe and inclusive environment for all students and staff; students' (human) rights are protected; the school gives effect to Te Tiriti o Waitangi.

Delegations

As the professional leader of the school, the principal is responsible for fostering quality teaching and learning outcomes.

Expectations and limitations

The principal must ensure:

- An annual plan is developed setting out how progress will be made towards the achievement of charter/strategic goals and is approved by the board.
- The school local curriculum is based on the vision, values, principles, and key competencies of the New Zealand Curriculum (or Te Mātauranga o Aotearoa).
- The school local curriculum reflects local tikanga Māori, mātauranga Māori and te ao Māori.
- School programmes provide students in years 7 & 8 with opportunities to learn in all areas of the national curriculum.
- There is a focus on every child and young person:
 - attaining their educational potential.
 - o developing the abilities and attributes outlined in the national education and learning priorities.
 - having an appreciation of the importance of; the inclusion of different groups and persons with different personal characteristics; diversity, cultural knowledge, identity, and the different official languages of New Zealand; Te Tiriti o Waitangi and te reo Māori.
- Assessment practices enable the wellbeing, engagement, progress, and achievement of students to be monitored and reported.
- Board approval is sought before changes to the school curriculum requiring increased expenditure or significant changes to programmes or staffing are made.

Procedures/supporting documentation

Curriculum planning

Assessment cycle

Monitoring

The principal will prepare (or, where appropriate, delegate, co-ordinate and approve) a report for every board meeting that:

- Includes data and analysis on curriculum delivery, student wellbeing, progress, and achievement.
- Tracks progress and variance towards annual aims and key performance indicators.
- Informs the board of any significant changes in staffing, programmes, plans or processes that are under consideration.

Legislative compliance

Education and Training Act 2020 New Zealand Curriculum/Te Marautanga o Aotearoa

D5 Personnel Policy

Outcome statement

The obligations and responsibilities of being a good employer are met.

Scoping

The board recognises its responsibilities and accountabilities to its employees are achieved through its chief executive.

Good employer means an employer who operates an employment policy containing provisions generally accepted as necessary for the fair and proper treatment of employees in all aspects of their employment.

Delegations

The board delegates responsibility to the principal on all matters relating to the day-to-day management of staff in the expectation that they will be managed in a sound, fair and respectful manner in accordance with the current terms of employment agreements, school policy and procedures, relevant legislative requirements and identified good practice.

Expectations and limitations

The principal must ensure:

- all employment-related legislative requirements are applied.
- all employees understand their rights to personal dignity and safety and ensure that matters are resolved in an appropriate and fair manner.
- a smoke-free and vape-free environment is provided.
- employment records are maintained, and all employees have a written letter of offer of employment, an up-to-date job description and for non-union employees an individual employment agreement (IEA).
- teachers are consulted when developing a procedure to determine the use of units units for appropriate positions are allocated in a fair and transparent manner.
- employee leave is effectively managed and reported so that:
 - o the risk of financial liability is minimised, operational needs are met, and the needs of individual staff are considered.
 - o board approval is sought for any requests for discretionary staff leave with pay.
 - o board approval is sought for any requests for discretionary staff leave without pay of longer than four (4) days.
 - o board approval is sought for any requests for staff travelling overseas on school business
 - o the board is advised of any staff absences longer than fixe (5) school days
- effective and robust performance management systems are in place for all staff that include performance management reviews, attestations for salary increases and staff professional development
- a suitable professional development plan, which takes into consideration the requirements of the strategic and annual plans, is provided as part of each employee's performance agreement
- the requirements of the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 are met
- advice is sought as necessary from NZSTA advisers where employment issues arise, and the school's insurer is notified.

Procedures/supporting documentation

Staff leave form

Staff leave procedure

Staff performance review procedure

Unit allocation procedure

Professional development procedure

Professional development plan

Storage of confidential information

Monitoring

The Board will monitor through the Principal Reports to the Board and regular audits of personnel records and SUE Reports.

Legislative compliance

Employment Relations Act 2000 Education and Training Act 2020

Privacy Act 2020 (takes effect 1 December 2020) - repeals and replaces the Privacy Act 1993

Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 Collective employment agreements

Individual employment agreements

Smokefree Environments and Regulated Products (Vaping) Amendment Act 2020

Domestic Violence – Victims' Protection Act 2018

D6 Appointments Policy

Outcome statement

The most suitably qualified persons who are best suited to the position are appointed through a fair and sound appointments process that meets the legislative requirements of a good employer.

Scoping

To assist in the appointment of quality staff to any vacancy that may arise, appointment committees with expertise relevant to the vacancy will be selected to carry out the appropriate appointment procedures. In accordance with the regulatory requirements for safety checking under the Children's Act 2014, we demonstrate our commitment to the safety of children by adopting appropriate safety checking practices when employing school staff, whether core workers, volunteers or other. This policy is used in conjunction with Taupo Intermediate School procedures on safety checking, police vetting and screening.

Delegations

The board delegates authority to determine the composition of the various appointment committees according to the schedule outlined below. Appointment of the principal is the responsibility of the board, which will determine the process and seek NZSTA advice.

Expectations and limitations

The principal must ensure that:

- Appointment of deputy principals, head of departments/senior teachers will involve an appointment committee
 consisting of the principal, the presiding board member and, at the discretion of the board, a further member
 of the board.
- Unless determined otherwise by the board, appointment of all other teachers, permanent and fixed-term, full-time and part-time, long-term relieving teachers and non-teaching staff will be the responsibility of the principal in consultation with the presiding board member or delegate where deemed necessary.
- Procedures are in place and fully implemented that meet all legislative requirements regarding safety checking, police vetting and screening of all staff.
- All safety checking is completed for all teaching and non-teaching staff prior to commencing employment.
- Safety checking documentation is kept on the new employees personal file in line with privacy and storage protocols.
- Any person applying for a teaching position holds a current practicing certificate from the Teaching Council.

In the case of Community of Learning/Kāhui Ako membership:

- Staff seeking the Communities of Learning/Kāhui Ako leadership role or the teacher across schools' role must seek and receive consent from their employing board before applying for the role.
- * For any position that is fixed term there must be a genuine reason based on reasonable grounds for it being of a fixed term nature. Ref to s 66 of the Employment Relations Act 2000 and the Court's interpretation thereof. Where the board, principal and/or committee of the board is wanting to appoint to a position believed to be fixed-term, advice will be sought from NZSTA as to whether the appointment would meet the requirements for a genuine fixed-term, based on reasonable grounds.

Procedures/supporting documentation

Police vetting procedure

Safety checklist

Templates – staff recruitment checklist, application form, shortlisting matrix, interview matrix, reference checking matrix, letter of offer of appointment etc.

Storage of confidential information procedure/process

Monitoring

The Board will monitor through the Principal Reports to the Board and audits of appointments records as needed.

Legislative compliance

Collective employment agreements

Employment Relations Act 2000

Education and Training Act 2020

Privacy Act 2020 (takes effect 1 December 2020) - repeals and replaces the Privacy Act 1993

Children's Act 2014

Public Sector Act 2020

Human Rights Act 1993

D7 Financial Planning and Condition Policy

Outcome statement

The school is financially viable, manages risks effectively and resources are targeted to where they make the most difference to outcomes for students.

Scoping

The board has overall responsibility for the financial management of the school. The principal is the day-to-day manager of the school and responsible for achieving legislative requirements and charter/strategic aims and targets within board policy objectives.

The financial viability of the school must be protected at all times, and every practicable effort is made to eliminate the risk of theft or fraud.

Delegations

The principal, in association with the board's finance committee, is responsible for recommending an annual operating and capital budget to the board within the timelines specified in the finance committee terms of reference.

The board delegates the day-to-day management of the school's finances and budget to the principal.

The principal is required to ensure robust, clear procedures are in place to safeguard the integrity of financial management.

Expectations and limitations

Budgeting shall not: fail to reflect the annual plan; risk financial jeopardy; nor fail to show a generally acceptable level of foresight. The budget should:

- Reflect the results sought by the board.
- Reflect the priorities as established by the board.
- Comply where the board's requirement is for a balanced budget.
- Demonstrate an appropriate degree of conservatism in all estimates.

The principal must ensure:

- Unauthorised debt or liability is not incurred.
- Generally accepted accounting practices or principles are not violated.
- Tagged/committed funds are not used for purposes other than those approved.
- More funds than have been allocated in the fiscal year are not spent without prior board approval.
- All money owed to the school is collected in a timely manner.
- Timely payment to staff and other creditors is made.
- Unauthorised property is not sold or purchased.
- All relevant government returns are completed on time.
- No one person has complete authority over the school's financial transactions.
- When making any purchase:
 - o of over \$5,000 comparative prices are sought.
 - o of over \$20,000 an adequate review of ongoing costs, value and reliability is undertaken.
 - of over \$10,000 on a single item, board approval is first sought.
- Effective systems are in place to meet the requirements of the payroll system.

Procedures/supporting documentation

Annual budget

Monitoring

The principal is responsible for financial reporting and demonstrating budget compliance. Where there is non-compliance, variances are to be reported to the board with recommendations on the actions required to meet compliance.

Legislative compliance

Refer to the Ministry of Education website for information on managing school finances and the Financial Information for Schools Handbook (FISH)

D8 Asset Protection Policy

Outcome statement

Assets of the school are utilised to maximise the best outcomes for students.

Scoping

Assets may not be unprotected, inadequately maintained or unnecessarily risked.

Delegations

The principal Is delegated day-to-day responsibility for ensuring that the programming and funding of general maintenance of the school grounds, buildings, facilities and other assets occurs, within budget, in order to provide a clean, safe, tidy and hygienic work and learning environment for staff and students.

Expectations and limitations

The principal must:

- Ensure all board assets are insured.
- Not allow unauthorised personnel or groups to handle funds or school property.
- Not subject plant and equipment to improper wear and tear or insufficient maintenance or inappropriate use.
- Maintain an up-to-date asset register for all items of furnishing, plant machinery, equipment, text, and library books costing more than \$500.
- Ensure the implementation of the 10-year property maintenance plan.
- Engage sufficient property maintenance staff for the school within budget limitations.
- Receive board approval for maintenance contracts over \$5,000 for any one contract.
- · Conduct competitive tenders for all contracting.
- Protect intellectual property, information and files from loss or significant damage or unauthorised access or duplication.
- Not receive, process or disburse funds under controls that are insufficient to meet the board-appointed auditor's standards.
- Not invest or hold operating capital in insecure accounts or in non-interest-bearing accounts except where necessary to facilitate ease in operational transactions.

Procedures/supporting documentation

10 Year Property Plan, Principal Reports

Monitoring

Principal Reports to Board, scheduled Board walk around inspections

Legislative compliance

Refer to the Ministry of Education website for information on managing school finances and the MoE <u>Financial</u> <u>Information for Schools Handbook</u>.

D9 Sensitive Expenditure Policy

Outcome statement

Board funds are clearly linked to the business of the school and do not provide unreasonable and/or personal benefit to any individual or group of individuals (staff or students).

Scoping

The board agrees that it has a responsibility to ensure that all expenditure of board funds is clearly linked to the business of the school and does not at any time provide unreasonable and personal benefit from those funds to any individual or group of individuals (staff or students).

The board acknowledges that at times there are expenses which may be beneficial only to individuals or small groups of individuals. These may include expenses in relation to travel (especially international travel), or to koha, gifts and other payments to individuals.

The board has determined that any expenditure which may be beneficial to individuals or groups of individuals will be carefully scrutinised before approval and will be supported by appropriate fund raising specific to that expenditure.

Reference should also be made to the board's travel policy in considering expenditure which may benefit individuals or groups of individuals.

Delegations

The principal Is delegated responsibility to implement and enact this policy.

Expectations and limitations

The board requires the principal, where expenditure may be beneficial to an individual or group of individuals, to take account of the following prior to authorising this expenditure:

- Does the expenditure benefit student outcomes?
- Does the expenditure represent the best value for money?
- Is it in the budget?
- Could the board justify this expenditure to a taxpayer, parent, or other interested party?
- How would the public react if this expenditure was reported by the media?
- Would there be perceived to be any personal gain from this expenditure?
- Does this expenditure occur frequently?

Any proposed expenditure, which may benefit individuals or groups of individuals, will be backed by funds raised for the purpose. The funds will be raised with a full understanding of their purpose known to those contributing the funds – such as parents or other funding sources (e.g., Charities). The funds raised will cover all costs (including travel and accommodation costs for teachers who may be involved).

Accounting for Expenditure

All expenditure incurred on behalf of individuals or groups of individuals, will be fully accounted for and a separate reconciliation will be provided to the board for management reporting purposes to show all funds raised and expenditure incurred.

Amendments

Any amendments or variations to this policy must be made via unanimous approval of the Board.

As part of its approval the board requires the principal to circulate this policy to all staff, and for a copy to be included in the School Policy Manual, copies of which shall be available to all staff. The school policy manual shall also be made available to students and parents at their request. The board requires that the principal arrange for all new staff to be made familiar with this policy and other policies approved by the board.

D10 Protection and Sharing of Intellectual Property (Creative Commons) Policy

Outcome statement

The board enables and encourages sharing and collaboration between teachers by recognising and removing legal barriers that exist to the sharing of learning resources and other materials created by school staff in the course of their employment.

Scoping

The Copyright Act 1994, section 21(2) recognises the copyright ownership rights of school boards of works produced by their employees in the course of their employment.

By licensing its copyright, the board is giving permission in advance for others to copy and share learning resources developed by its employees and owned by the board.

Delegations/responsibility

The board delegates to the principal the responsibility to:

- Apply by default a Creative Commons Attribution License to all teaching materials and policies in which the board owns copyright.
- Transfer to the original creator the copyright in created works licensed by the school under a Creative Commons Attribution or Creative Commons Share-Alike license.
- Ensure that all staff are aware of the terms of this policy and how it relates to teaching resources they develop in the course of their employment at the school.

Limitations and expectations

The board:

- Does not make any claim over the ownership of copyright works produced by students the copyright to these
 works remains with the creator.
- Recognises that this policy only applies to copyright works and not to any other forms of intellectual property.
- Recognises that the copyright in works produced by an employee other than in the course of their employment by the board remains the property of that employee where this is unclear, the process for dispute resolution outlined below shall apply.

Resolution of disputed copyright ownership

Where the first ownership of copyright in a given work is disputed or unclear, the following process will apply:

- 1. In the first instance, the dispute should be documented and presented to the school principal.
- 2. If the dispute is still not resolved, the documentation should be presented to the presiding member (chair) of the board.
- 3. If the dispute is still not resolved following steps 1 and 2, mediation with an appropriate authority will be undertaken.

Steps 1 and 2 should be replaced with the school's dispute resolution process, where appropriate.

Definitions

Creative Commons Aotearoa: The New Zealand affiliate of an international non-profit movement that provides free open licenses that copyright holders can use to share their work.

Teaching materials: Copyright works produced by employees of the school for the purposes of teaching.

Associated legislation

Copyright Act 1994

Associated procedures

See Concerns and Complaints Policy and Procedure.

Monitoring

Any matters or risks in relation to this policy shall form part of the principal's report to every board meeting, taking care that individual students cannot be identified. The board shall monitor the protection and sharing of intellectual property to identify any risks or issues that require governance action.

D11 Health and Safety Policy

Outcome statement

A safe and healthy workplace is maintained by providing the information, training and supervision needed to ensure the health and safety of all students, staff and other people in the workplace.

Scoping

The board is responsible for ensuring health and safety procedures are developed and implemented. However, employees need to be aware of their responsibilities and comply with the board's health and safety policy and school procedures.

Delegations

The board delegates to the principal as the officer the responsibility to:

- Develop and implement health and safety procedures.
- Ensure employees have the information and professional development they need to comply with policy and procedures.

Expectations and limitations

The board will, as far as is reasonably practicable, comply with the provisions of legislation dealing with health and safety in the workplace by:

- Providing a safe physical and emotional learning environment.
- Ensuring a health and safety strategy/plan is in place and engagement and consultation on the strategy occurs with workers and the school community.
- Ensuring there are procedures in place regarding the sale, supply and consumption of alcohol and that these
 are aligned with the protection of students, staff and visitors to the school procedures and comply with the
 Sale and Supply of Alcohol Act 2012.
- Providing adequate facilities, including ensuring access and ensuring property and equipment is safe to use and students and workers are not exposed to hazards.
- Ensuring there is an effective method in place for identifying, assessing, and controlling hazards, which includes recording and investigating injuries and reporting serious harm incidents.
- Having a commitment to a culture of continuous improvement.

Reasonably practicable means what is or was reasonably able to be done at a particular time to ensure health and safety, considering, and weighing up all relevant matters.

The principal, as an officer, has responsibility for implementing this policy and therefore must:

- Exercise due diligence in accordance with the provisions of the health and safety legislation and the six due diligence obligations:
 - 1. Know about work health and safety matters and keep up to date.
 - 2. Gain an understanding of the operations of the organisation and the hazards and risks generally associated with those operations.
 - 3. Ensure the person conducting a business or undertaking (PCBU) has appropriate resources and processes to eliminate or minimise those risks.
 - 4. Ensure the PCBU has appropriate processes for receiving information about incidents, hazards, and risks and for responding to that information.
 - 5. Ensure there are processes for complying with any duty and that these are implemented.
 - 6. Verify that these resources and processes are in place and being used.
- Take all reasonable steps to protect students, staff, and visitors to the school from unsafe or unhealthy
 conditions or practices.
- Ensure the staff code of conduct is implemented effectively.
- Ensure there is zero tolerance to unacceptable behaviour, such as bullying, and that there are effective processes in place.
- Provide a smoke-free and vape-free environment.
- Ensure a risk analysis management system (RAMS) is in place and carried out.

- Seek approval for overnight stays/camps/visits attesting first to their compliance with above.
- Consult with the community every 2 years regarding the health programme being delivered to students.
- Provide information and training opportunities to employees.
- Advise the presiding board member (chair) of any emergency situations as soon as possible.
- Ensure all employees and other workers at the school will take reasonable care to:
 - o cooperate with school health and safety procedures.
 - o comply with the health and safety legislation and duties of workers.
 - o ensure their own safety at work.
 - o promote and contribute to a safety-conscious culture at the school.

Procedures/supporting documentation

Staff induction

Education outside the classroom (EOTC)

Risk Assessment Management System (RAMS)

Health and safety register

Hazard register

Hazard assessment register

Injury and incident reporting (procedure, checklist, board report, investigation form)

Emergency procedures, including for shutdown and evacuation

Administering medication

Accident management

Alcohol, smoking and drugs

Before and after-school care

Behaviour management – managing challenging behaviour and physical restraint (policy and procedures)

Civil defence and crisis procedures

Collection, storage and access to personal information

Concerns and complaints

Court orders against parents/caregivers

Cyber safety

First aid and infection (pandemic plan)

Healthy eating

Parent helpers

Adult behaviour at school (adult conduct at school)

Playground supervision

Police vetting

Protected disclosures

Sexual harassment

Sun smart (sun safety)

Transporting children

Monitoring

Monthly Principal Reports, EOTC Plans, Health, and Safety Plan

Legislative compliance

Health and Safety at Work Act 2015

Children's Act 2014

Education and Training Act 2020

D12 Education Outside the Classroom Policy

Outcome statement

To enable EOTC activities at school to be provided safely.

What is Education Outside the Classroom (EOTC)?

Education outside the classroom is curriculum-based teaching and learning activities that go beyond the walls of the classroom. EOTC includes any curriculum-based activity that takes place outside the school ranging from a museum or marae visit, to a sports trip, field trip, or outdoor education camp.

Scope

At Taupo Intermediate School EOTC includes, but is not limited to:

- Field Trips
- School Camps including Year 8 camps, Leadership camp, Boys only camps
- Year 7 End of Year Special Activity Week
- Cultural Activities i.e., New Caledonia exchange, Band Competition, J-Rock, DanceNZ Made, Tuwharetoa Festival
- Community Events such as Clean Up Town fundraiser
- · Overnight Sports Trips and other Interschool activities i.e., Triathlons

Rationale

Experiences outside the classroom reinforce learning by enabling students to make connections between what they have learnt in the classroom and the world beyond the classroom. EOTC experiences give students opportunities to demonstrate the essential knowledge, skills, values, attitudes, and key competencies identified in the National Curriculum (New Zealand Curriculum and Te Maratanga O Aotearoa).

The EOTC programme is important to Taupo Intermediate School, and aims to provide:

- Opportunities beyond the classroom to support learning in all areas of the curriculum;
- Opportunities for students to discover, enjoy, learn, and develop in outdoor, leisure and recreational contexts;
- Safe learning experiences across a variety of contexts and environments.

Taupo Intermediate School recognises the potential benefits to staff and students through experiencing acceptable risks. The school's EOTC programme will aim to strike the right balance, so that the real risks are managed and learning opportunities are experienced to the full.

Expectations and limitations

Board of Trustees and Principal

The Board of Trustees and Principal are responsible for ensuring that EOTC activities are carried out safely and to understand the EOTC Safety Management Plan. The Board of Trustees have a responsibility under the National Administration Guidelines (NAG 5) to provide a safe physical and emotional environment for students and comply in full with any legislation currently in force or that may be developed to ensure the safety of students, workers and others.

The Board of Trustees and the Principal will ensure that:

- All EOTC practice is in accordance with the school's overarching Safety Management System and the EOTC Safety Management Plan;
- Resources are provided to establish, implement, maintain, and continually improve the EOTC Safety Management Plan;
- EOTC activities provide an opportunity to build educationally strong partnerships with students and the
 community and help to reduce inequity between priority learners and at-risk students and provide an
 opportunity for excellence and extension;

- There are opportunities for adequate ongoing professional learning for all leaders involved in EOTC;
- Responsibility for coordinating EOTC in the school has been assigned to competent staff (the principal, the EOTC coordinator, a senior staff member, or a committee) and is adequately resourced;
- Valid informed consent from parents and caregivers is obtained commensurate with the level of risk; and
- Recommendations from the review of any incidents that either harmed or might have harmed any staff member, volunteer, or student are implemented.

The Presiding Member and Principal will sign the Safety Management Plan at the first Board meeting of each year, or if the Plan is amended, to acknowledge their support and resourcing of EOTC activities planned for the year ahead. This will be a standing agenda item on the Annual Board Workplan.

EOTC Coordinator

The EOTC Coordinator is the person with full overview of EOTC in the school. It is the responsibility of this person to ensure that planning, process, and procedures are in place across all EOTC activities and that these are current, appropriately delegated and implemented.

The EOTC coordinator may be a teacher, senior staff member, or the Principal and will have experience relevant to the school's EOTC programme.

The EOTC Coordinator ensures that:

- EOTC is integrated, as far as possible, into the school programme.
- All EOTC activities comply with the national guidelines and updates: EOTC Bringing the Curriculum Alive.
- Staff have an appropriate understanding of the EOTC Safety Management Plan, processes, and requirements, and are promptly informed of any changes.
- All staff perform relevant safety tasks and complete safety processes (for example, activity planning, risk identification, incident reporting).
- All incidents are accurately recorded, reported, and properly investigated.
- Emergency response systems are in place, and all staff are prepared to respond to potential emergency situations.
- External review of the EOTC Safety Management Plan is carried out.
- The performance of the EOTC Safety Management Plan is reviewed, evaluated, and reported to the Board of Trustees and Principal annually.
- Strong safety leadership is provided to foster and support an effective safety culture within school education outside the classroom activities.
- The school has a policy in place on health and safety in EOTC (usually incorporated in the EOTC policy and/or the health and safety policy).
- Procedures are in place to support that policy.
- They have a good understanding of the national EOTC guidelines and updates.
- Only a competent person is approved as the person in charge or as an activity leader and that an activity leader's competence is assessed against good practice.
- Competence (skills, knowledge, and experience) and suitability (to work with young people) of all activity leaders and assistants is checked to meet good practice.
- All external providers used for EOTC meet good practice criteria and where outside provision of an adventure
 activity (as defined by the Health and Safety at Work (Adventure Activities) Regulations 2016) occurs a
 registered adventure activity provider is used.
- Roles and responsibilities of all persons involved and the procedures to be followed are clarified, understood, and accepted.
- Communication devices are available, and a communications plan is in place for EOTC activities.
- Plans to respond to emergencies or traumatic incidents are in place, including a clear process for dealing with media, and that all staff are familiar with them.
- Where safety equipment and/or clothing is required, it is provided, and systems are in place for its correct use, safe storage, and maintenance.
- Where there is a deviation from the policy, there is clear documentation of the reasons for it and how it is being managed and reported to the Board of Trustees.

D13 Child Protection Policy

Outcome statement

Students at this school thrive, belong and achieve to the best of their ability. The school is committed to the prevention of child abuse and neglect and to the protection of all children.

Scoping

All staff members (including contractors and volunteers) are expected to be familiar with this policy, its associated procedures and protocols and abide by them.

Advice will be sought through appropriate agencies in all cases of suspected or alleged abuse.

In line with Section 15 of the <u>Oranga Tamariki Act 1989</u>, any person in our school/kura who believes that any child or young person has been or is likely to be harmed (whether physically, emotionally or sexually), ill-treated, abused, neglected or deprived must follow school procedures and may also report the matter to a social worker or the local Police.

Delegations

Although ultimate accountability sits with the board, the board delegates responsibility to the principal to ensure that all child safety procedures are implemented and available to all staff, contractors, volunteers, and parents.

Expectations and limitations

The principal must:

- Develop appropriate procedures to meet child safety requirements as required and appropriate to the school.
- Comply with relevant legislative requirements and responsibilities.
- Make this policy available on the school's internet site or available on request.
- Ensure that every contract or funding arrangement that the school enters requires the adoption of child protection policies where required.
- Ensure the interests and protection of the child are paramount in all circumstances.
- Recognise the rights of family/whānau to participate in the decision making about their children.
- Ensure that all staff can identify the signs and symptoms of potential abuse and neglect and deal with disclosures by children and allegations against staff members and are able to take appropriate action in response.
- Support all staff to work in accordance with this policy to work with partner agencies and organisations to ensure child protection procedures are understood and implemented.
- Promote a culture where staff feel confident, they can constructively challenge poor practice or raise issues of concern without fear of reprisal.
- Consult, discuss and share relevant information with the board or designated person in line with our commitment to confidentiality and information-sharing protocols in a timely way regarding any concerns about an individual child.
- Seek advice as necessary from NZSTA advisers on employment matters and other relevant agencies where child safety issues arise.
- Make available professional development, resources and/or advice to ensure all staff can carry out their roles in terms of this policy.
- Ensure that this policy forms part of the initial staff induction programme for each staff member.

Procedures/supporting documentation

Definitions

Identification and reporting of child abuse and neglect:

- Four categories of abuse (emotional, physical, sexual and neglect)
- How to respond to suspected abuse or neglect
- · How to respond to disclosures made by a child
- Recording a disclosure

 Reporting suspected child abuse and neglect Confidentiality, information sharing and recording Safety checking – safety checklist Police vetting Staff capability and professional development Safe at work practices

- · Physical contact with children
- · Working one on one with children
- · Transporting children
- · Overnight stays/camps
- Social media and technology (internet protection, photo storage)
- · Parent help
- · Visitors on site
- External contractors
- Before and after-school programmes
- Billeting
- · Socialising with children
- Gifts and rewards
- Intimate care toileting
- · Application of medication and sunscreen

Managing challenging behaviour and physical restraint policy and procedures

Allegations against staff

Staff induction

Monitoring

Principal Reports to Board.

Legislative compliance

Children's Act 2014

Oranga Tamariki Act 1989

More information

Oranga Tamariki Ministry for Children - further information and sample child protection templates

D14 Behaviour Management Policy

Outcome statement

To clarify the behaviours expected at school to ensure a safe and positive environment for all students and staff.

Rationale

Taupo Intermediate School recognises that students and teachers have a right to enjoy their days at school in a stable and safe environment. Students, staff, and parents are to be responsible for their own actions and show courtesy and respect for each other, their property, and their environment.

The school seeks to assist students to develop appropriate social skills and modes of personal behavior.

Delegations

The principal is delegated to design, lead and implement the behaviour management system.

Expectations and limitations

The behaviour management system at Taupo Intermediate School must:

- Practice a partnership model of teaching where we work alongside students with mutual respect.
- Help students to appreciate the rights of others to learn in a safe secure environment.
- Practice positive discipline, which is anything that encourages positive behavior.
- Negotiate class agreement of behavior so the class develops a sense of group control and ownership.
- Help students appreciate the consequences of their behavior and understand that unhelpful behavior is a choice.
- Teach and help learn alternative strategies for managing behaviour.
- Develop a clear set of disciplinary steps to deal with challenging behaviour.
- Ensure that students who are adversely affected by another student's behaviour are supported and feel safe at school.
- Encourage restorative practices.
- Involve parents with the ongoing implementation of our behavior policy.

Guidelines

- The behavioural code Code of Conduct must be promoted regularly and understood by the whole school, and its community.
- All members of the school community are expected to abide by the code.
- Parents/caregivers, where necessary, will be involved when a child's behavior is causing concern to enable their co-operation.
- A clear set of consequences and disciplinary steps will be taken to deal with behavior that is causing concern.
- It is desired that restorative practices will be used to support any students or staff adversely affected by concerning behaviour, with safety always a primary focus.
- The behavior code is applicable during the school day, coming to and going from school, on school trips and at all events organised by the school.
- Behaviour on buses to and from school is also subject to the code.
- The school is committed to regularly review and update the behaviour management policy in line with best practice.

D15 Managing Challenging Behaviour and Physical Restraint Policy

Outcome statement

To minimise the effect of challenging behaviour, the board shall ensure that effective procedures are in place around the management of student behaviour and the use of physical restraint.

Scoping

This policy applies throughout the school.

All staff are required to familiarise themselves with Ministry of Education <u>Guidelines</u> for registered schools in New Zealand on the use of physical restraint and to undertake appropriate professional development.

The board will ensure that any incident of physical restraint is notified to parents or caregivers and reported to the Ministry of Education.

The board will ensure that parents or caregivers are notified if physical restraint is an element in a student's individual behaviour plan.

Complainants with concerns regarding use of physical restraint must follow the school's prescribed concerns and complaints procedure.

Delegations

The board delegates to the principal:

- · Responsibility for ensuring that adequate staff training and support is in place.
- The reporting of incidents of physical restraint to parents, caregivers, and the Ministry of Education.
- Notification to parents and caregivers if an element of physical restraint is in a student's individual behaviour plan.

Limitations and expectations

- Physical restraint is defined as using physical force to prevent, restrict or subdue the movement of a student's body or part of the student's body against the student's will and is a serious intervention.
- Staff shall be well versed in prevention and de-escalation strategies used to limit the need to physically restrain a student.
- Use of physical restraint is limited to teachers or authorised staff members and only where:
 - the physical restraint is necessary to prevent imminent harm to the student or another person; and
 - o the teacher or authorised staff member reasonably believes that there is no other option available in the circumstances to prevent the harm; and
 - o the physical restraint is reasonable and proportionate in the circumstances.
- Authorised staff are employees trained and authorised by their employer (the board) to use physical restraint.
- Teachers and staff members who are authorised to physically restrain students shall receive suitable training and support.
- Corporal punishment and seclusion of students is prohibited. Seclusion of students is defined as placing a child
 or student in a room involuntarily, alone and from which they cannot (or believe they cannot) freely exit.

Associated legislation

Education and Training Act 2020

Education (Physical Restraint) Rules 2017

Health and Safety at Work Act 2015

Monitoring

Instances, matters or risks in relation to this policy shall form part of the principal's report to every board meeting, taking care that individual students cannot be identified. The board shall monitor the use of physical restraint, looking for trends and any action that could be taken at governance level to support reducing such incidents.

D16 Stand Down and Suspension of Students Policy

Outcome statement

To clarify the process for stand down and suspension of students.

Rationale

From time to time it may be necessary to suspend a student from school if that student's behaviour is deemed to present a danger to him/herself or to other students/staff or if that behaviour constitutes gross misconduct or repeated, unacceptable behaviour.

Purpose

- To ensure that the learning environment is orderly and safe.
- To ensure that all regulatory requirements are met.
- To ensure that the rights of all students are upheld

Guidelines

- The school will take all reasonable steps to modify a student's behaviour before resorting to suspension or stand down.
- A database of student behaviour patterns will be kept, this will include actions taken.
- Full advice and guidance are available to students.
- The best interests of all students are considered in final decision-making.
- The principal has the authority to stand down students without referral to the Board.
- When the principal suspends a student, the Board must meet and hold a Student Disciplinary Meeting to review the incident and decide whether to lift the suspension (with or without conditions), to extend the suspension or to exclude the student.
- Clear procedures are established for handling suspension. These procedures will:
 - Meet legal requirements.
 - o Specify records to be made and arrangements for storage of records.
 - o Indicate the people/agencies to be notified.
- Procedures will follow the appropriate Ministry of Education guidelines and requirements.
- Families will be notified as soon as possible of the suspension and of its implications.
- Guidance and advice are available throughout the whole process.

D17 Concerns and Complaints Policy

Outcome statement

All complaints, concerns and incidents are attended to promptly, respectfully, and professionally and seek to bring effective resolution to all parties concerned.

Scoping

In order to maintain a safe and comfortable environment for all students, staff and visitors, an accessible procedure for handling complaints and grievances will be implemented and maintained to provide an open and fair way of resolving issues and will comply with all relevant legislation.

Delegations

The board delegates to the principal full responsibility of ensuring processes are in place and operating effectively and adequately. In the event of a complaint or grievance concerning the principal, responsibility lies with the board.

Expectations and limitations

In complying with the policy, the principal shall not fail to:

- Implement and maintain robust procedures to meet the policy requirements.
- Ensure that the process for complaints or grievances is clearly communicated and posted on the school website and app, and copies of the complaint's procedure are available at the front administration office.
- Ensure that the complainant has previously followed the school's concerns and complaints procedure before
 escalating to board level.

Should the board receive a complaint regarding the principal or determine that any policy violation may have occurred, the board in the first instance will consider whether this may be dealt with in an informal manner (as per the employment agreement provisions that apply to the principal).

Where the board considers the degree and seriousness of the concern or any violation sufficient to warrant initiating a disciplinary or competency process, the board shall seek the support and advice in the first instance from an NZSTA adviser to ensure due process is followed.

The board shall advise its insurance agent of any complaint escalated to the board.

Once the Dispute Resolution Scheme comes into effect, if a serious dispute is not able to be resolved, the board shall advise the parent of their right to apply to the Chief Referee for the dispute to be resolved by a dispute resolution panel.

Procedures/supporting documentation

Parent and staff concerns and complaints process – C4 – NZSTA Governance framework

Monitoring

The principal shall maintain a register of complaints and resolutions and report to the board at least quarterly per annum outlining numbers of complaints, resolution success figures and any areas of concern for board deliberation.

Legislative compliance

Education and Training Act 2020

Relevant employment agreements

Relevant professional standards

For further advice please contact the Advisory and Support Centre on 0800 782 435, option 1 or email govadvice@nzsta.org.nz

D18 Protected Disclosures Policy

Outcome statement

To clarify the process for making protected disclosures or "whistleblowers".

Rationale

The Taupo Intermediate School Board of Trustees ensures procedures are in place to meet the requirements of the Protected Disclosures Act 2000.

Purpose

To comply with the Act boards re required to have an internal procedure in place that enables employees, past and present, and contractors to make protected disclosures. These procedures need to be publicized to staff on a regular basis.

Delegations

The board delegates to the principal full responsibility of managing protected disclosures issues except for where the issue is about the principal, whereby the Deputy Principal would be responsible.

Expectations and limitations

All disclosures will be made to the principal. For this policy, the principal will be referred to as the protected disclosures recipient (PDR).

There may be situations where the disclosure is about the principal, and in this case the PDR will be the Deputy Principal.

The principal will manage the disclosure through the concerns and complaints process or as otherwise required by the situation. On a case-by-case basis the board will delegate authority to the PDR to investigate a complaint discreetly and in a thorough and timely way. If the PDR is related to an employment issue, the PDR can:

- Call a meeting of a committee of the board that deals with confidential employment issues.
- Contact the NZSTA advisor: personnel/industrial relations for advice on investigating the wrongdoing.
- Contact the board's insurer on employment matters.
- Refer the matter to another appropriate authority (this would normally be the police) if urgency or seriousness dictates.

The Board expects the PDR to act or recommend action within 20 working days of a disclosure being made. If the PDR fails to act or recommend action within 20 working days, then the person who has made the disclosure is entitled to take the matter to an appropriate authority and ask them to investigate.

Information which would identify the person who makes the disclosure is confidential to the PDR.

Procedures/supporting documentation

Parent and staff concerns and complaints process – C4 – NZSTA Governance framework

Monitoring

Protected disclosures will be discussed in-committee.

Legislative compliance

Privacy Act 2020
Protected Disclosures Act 2000
Collective Employment Agreement for Principals

For further advice please contact the Advisory and Support Centre on 0800 782 435, option 1 or email govadvice@nzsta.org.nz